THE HORSE OWNER'S HANDY NOTE BOOK

18th EDITION

TO GET HIM RIGHT AND KEEP HIM RIGHT USE

HARVEY'S GREAT REMEDIES

FOR THE HORSE.

OBSERVE
THE
NEW REMEDIES ADDED

HARVEY & Co LTD
DUBLIN.

Important Caution!

HARVEY'S REMEDIES FOR THE HORSE *as herein described have no connection whatever with any other, and Horse-Owners when ordering these Remedies from Chemists should ask for them by the titles used in the following pages, and see that each Package or Bottle, bears a fac-simile of the Proprietors' Signature, as below, on the outside label, as* **NONE OTHER CAN POSSIBLY BE GENUINE.**

Harvey & Co.

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"THERE'S INFORMATION IN'T."

THE HORSE-OWNER'S HANDY NOTE BOOK

OR

COMMON DISEASES OF HORSES AND OTHER ANIMALS, WITH THEIR REMEDIES

EIGHTEENTH EDITION
(Supplemental).

WITH WHICH IS INCORPORATED
A DESCRIPTIVE LIST OF . . .

HARVEY'S GREAT REMEDIES FOR THE HORSE,

Which may now be had through all respectable Chemists.

HARVEY & CO. (DUBLIN), LIMITED,

OFFICES:
49 LOWER GARDINER STREET, DUBLIN.

Telegraphic Address:
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Discouraged Horse Owners should Pronounce no case — Hopeless or Incurable —

For which HARVEY'S REMEDIES are recommended.

In this New Edition of THE HORSE-OWNER'S HANDY NOTE BOOK only a few typical testimonials are presented under each section.

New Remedies are described for LYMPHANGITIS, or WEED; STRANGLES, etc., THRUSH, BRITTLE and WEAK FEET.

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INTRODUCTION

TO THE

EIGHTEENTH EDITION.

THE EIGHTEENTH EDITION OF "THE HORSE OWNER'S HANDY NOTE BOOK" has been revised throughout, and Horse Owners will find it now contains descriptive treatment of most ailments with which Horses are commonly affected.

New Remedies have been added in response to frequent inquiries, and "HARVEY'S GREAT REMEDIES FOR THE HORSE" are, therefore, no longer confined to the Six Remedies so long and favourably known by this name.

THE ADDED REMEDIES are the best which Veterinary Science can provide for the treatment of such troubles as Lymphangitis, or Weed, Strangles, etc., Thrush, Brittle, and Weak Feet.

Several of HARVEY'S HORSE REMEDIES are suitable, also, for other Animals.

TESTIMONY.

In compiling the present Edition of "THE HORSE OWNER'S HANDY NOTE BOOK," the principal object has been to give, in the least possible space, helpful information respecting the Diseases and Ailments

dealt with, as well as a description of the action and uses of the REMEDIES.

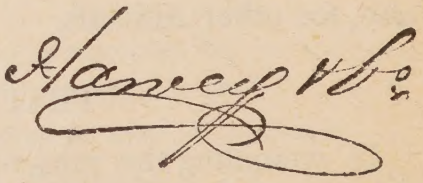
We have, therefore, avoided loading our pages with Testimony, but respectfully suggest that Horse Owners who do not possess a copy of the Full Edition of "THE HORSE OWNER'S HANDY NOTE BOOK" should write to the Offices for one. It will be sent gratis and post free.

In that book a vast amount of Testimony will be found which is absolutely voluntary, and unsolicited in any way—a fundamental principle of the Firm being that a *Testimonial is never asked for.*

THE TRADE MARK.

It is necessary to put purchasers upon their guard against unworthy imitations of HARVEY'S REMEDIES. The articles required should be asked for by the exact name given ; but the purchaser should also be careful to see that the SIGNATURE OF THE PROPRIETORS is clearly printed on the outside wrapper or label.

No Remedy offered can possibly be genuine which does not bear this signature—



"Not a blemish."—*Tempest, Act 1, Scene 1.*

☞ **CAUTION.—Ask for HARVEY'S Embrocation, and observe that a fac-simile of the Proprietors' Signature is on the outside Wrapper of each Genuine Bottle.**

PART I.

HARVEY'S EMBROCATION,

Or Curb Bottle,

(HARVEY'S WATTS' EMBROCATION).

A Substitute for Firing, and a Non-blemishing Specific for Curbs, Splints, Spavins, Deep-seated Lameness, &c.

Bottles (encased), 3/9 and 7/- each.

Vet. Practitioners' Bottles, 21/- each.

THE ONE-APPLICATION REMEDY.

IMPORTANT TO ALL WHO KEEP HORSES
HARVEY'S
WATTS' EMBROCATION
OR CURB BOTTLE
A Specific for Curbs, Splints, Spavins, &c.
None is Genuine Without this Autograph
on the Outside Wrapper of each Bottle

The above engraving represents a reduced fac-simile of a 3/9 Bottle of Harvey's Embrocation as it is made up for sale.

HARVEY'S EMBROCATION or Curb Bottle has been used by Horse Owners for nearly ninety years, and it is still incomparably superior to any Remedy yet discovered for Curb, Splint, Spavin, and Bony Enlargements or Callosities, or for Deep-seated Lameness.

The **Embrocation** has a very remarkable record in the treatment of the following :—

Curb,
Splint,
Spavin,
Side-Bone
Ring-Bone
Capped Hocks,
Capped Elbow
Bog Spavin,
Thoroughpin,
Windgall.
Sore Shins,
Navicular Disease,
Deep-seated Lameness,
Sprains of Ligaments, Tendons, etc.,
Swellings and Bony Enlargements from various causes,

Also as an application for :—

Defective Horn,
Ophthalmia,
Glandular Swellings,
Abscesses,
Sore Throat,
Cough, etc.

It is suitable in every case for which a Blister is commonly employed.

THE EXTREMELY SIMPLE manner in which this Remedy can be used has greatly commended it to Horse Owners. It is a perfectly finished Pharmaceutical product in a highly concentrated form, so that a very small quantity of the fluid accomplishes the desired purpose, and as a rule **One Application** is sufficient.

The Remedy combines great gentleness of action with marvellous power, so that Horse Owners who use it for the first time are amazed at the rapidity and effectiveness of the application.

FIRING is quite superseded by HARVEY'S EMBROCATION. Where Firing has entirely failed, the EMBROCATION subsequently applied has permanently cured.

For Shoulder-lameness, Strain of the Back Sinews, and other Strains and Sprains, it is invaluable ; and for Bursal Enlargements, such as Capped Hocks and Elbows, Thorough-pins, Windgalls, &c., which are so difficult to treat satisfactorily with a blister, this Embrocation is most successful, being gentle but absorbent in its action.

ONE APPLICATION of the Embrocation is as a rule sufficient to effect a cure. In long-standing or callous cases, two or perhaps three applications may be necessary. See directions for use.

Horse Owners will gather from this description that HARVEY'S EMBROCATION is not to be confounded with liniments whose action is superficial.

The EMBROCATION is NOT suitable for open wounds or recent bruises. For such cases HARVEY'S RED LOTION is recommended. See page 31.

ITS ACTION.

HARVEY'S EMBROCATION is not a blister—it produces a slight exudation from the skin, which forms a crust upon the surface. Thoroughly rubbed in, it penetrates deep into the part, to the very bone, and powerfully stimulates the deep-seated absorbents, producing marvellous effects upon all chronic enlargements in the horse.

The Embrocation does not destroy the hair, but rather promotes its growth. The hair that comes after its use is generally thicker and more luxuriant than before, and in some cases sufficiently so to cover an old blemish.

It has a specific action peculiar to itself alone that no other irritant possesses. It penetrates to the bone, and causes absorption of deep-seated deposits that firing or blistering could never reach; its use, therefore, in Chronic Lameness, &c., has been attended with success where all other remedies have failed.

It is quite Painless, Animals will not bite it, and need not have Cradles when under its action.

FOR CATTLE it is most successful, its marvellous penetrative and absorbent properties rendering it peculiarly suitable for all kinds of stock.

Except in advanced cases, a single application of HARVEY'S EMBROCATION is sufficient. If a second application is necessary it is not to be made for four or five weeks.

Heavy dressing is not recommended, and should be avoided. Even in very bad cases two, or even three, light applications, at intervals of four or five weeks, give more satisfactory results. If, through inadvertence or otherwise, it has been too heavily applied, and swelling or blistering has followed, it will not, as a rule, be desirable to interfere with the normal course of the Remedy, but the horse's oats may be stopped for two or three days, and sloppy bran mashes substituted, as if preparing for physic.

REST.

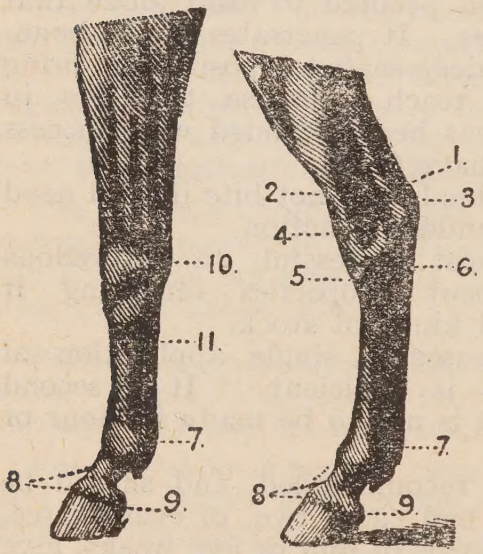
The horse need not be rested while under treatment with the Embrocation if the nature of the complaint does not specifically require it. See that the part dressed wth the Embrocation is not interfered with either by work or grooming, or the scurf thrown out by it removed, but allowed to fall off naturally, and that is all the precaution necessary.

In all cases of lameness, and of injuries arising out of Strains or Sprains, rest is, of course, most advisable.

THERE IS NOTHING LIKE IT FOR DEEP-SEATED CASES.

DIAGRAM OF HORSE'S LEGS.

Showing the Seats of Diseases.



Seat of

1. Thoroughpin.
2. Sallenders.
3. Capped Hock.
4. Bog Spavin.
5. Spavin.
6. Curb.
7. Windgalls.
8. Ringbone.
9. Side Bone.
10. Mallenders.
11. Splint.

DISEASES AND TREATMENT.

CURB is caused by premature hard work, by severe riding through heavy ground, or by sudden forced exertion of various kinds. It lies about a hands breadth

below the point of the hock, and appears as a swelling here, the real disease being deep-seated. The hocks most liable to curb are small and weak, or sickle-shaped.

TREATMENT.—Reduce any inflammation present by Cold Water applications, patiently and steadily maintained, and when this is subdued rub in HARVEY'S EMBROCATION.

"I have been a constant user of your EMBROCATION for some time. It removed a large Curb from one of my hunters this summer."—From Geo. Brockton, Esq., Farndon, Newark, Notts., 15th November, 1909.

* * *

"For many years I have used your Curb Bottle with the utmost success, as I know its strength so well that I can gauge it to a nicety, to just nicely remove a Splint or a Curb."—From W. Bullen, Esq., Whinmoor, Bidston, Birkenhead, 10th July, 1908.

* * *

From Lord Ashtown.

"Please send me a bottle of your Curb Embrocation, I found the last one very good."—Woodlawn, Co. Galway, 19th August, 1901.

* * *

A Four-year-old Curb.

"I had a mare with a bad Curb of four years standing. The vets. could do nothing with it. When I received your little book, I at once bought a bottle of your Curb Cure, and one application cured her, and she is in hard work now."—W. H. Ost, 4 Market Place, Faversham, May 7th, 1906.

* * *

"I must mention that I have tried your wonderful Embrocation. I got a bottle from Wand's, our local Chemist, and found it most excellent for a Curb. It took it clean away, and the horse went sound."—H. Adcock, Cab Proprietor, 26 Dorothy Road, St. Saviour's Road East, Leicester, May 7th, 1907.

* * *

"The Best I Ever Used."

From MR. G. PHILLIPS, Private Trainer to Capt. Gardiner.

"I have used your Embrocation on a two-year-old that had a Curb forming, and found it the best thing I have ever used."—2 Manor Terrace, Sheerness, 3rd June, 1901.

Thirty Years.

"I have used your Embrocation 30 years for Curbs, and find it best of anything I ever tried."—From Mr. N. S. Brough, Londesborough, Wold, Market Weighton, Yorks, 16th December, 1896.

SPLINT is common among horses put to fast work while young. It is a bony enlargement situated below the knee, on or near the Splint bone, most commonly found on the inner aspect of the leg. It causes heat and tenderness of the part, and frequent, though not incessant lameness while the deposit is forming. Small Splints are best detected by flexing the limb, and running the thumb down from the knee, pushing the relaxed Tendons aside.

TREATMENT.—Reduce the inflammation by Cold Water applications, and afterwards apply HARVEY'S EMBROCATION. If possible, rest the horse for three weeks, while under treatment.

"The Embrocation has had a marvellous effect on a Splint on one of my horses. The Embrocation was applied last Monday, and now (Thursday) there is but little sign of the Splint."—From Col. Stronge, Raheenduff House, Foulksmill, Wexford, 30th September, 1909.

* * *

"I have just removed two Bone Splints (under Knee) of my cob with some of your Embrocation, and during the whole time I was able to work the animal. It is a splendid Embrocation."—From T. C. L. Wigg, Esq., Windermere Lodge, Camden Road, London, N., 21st February, 1910.

* * *

"Captain Walford-Gosnall is a firm believer in the Embrocation, as he has already removed several Splints from his horses."—Whitegates, Ingatestone, Essex, October 23rd, 1906

* * *

"I have been using your Embrocation for Splints, with absolute success."—Robert Reid, Earl Balgray House, Irvine, N.B., December 20th, 1907.

From Sir H. F. de Trafford, Bart.

"I have used your Embrocation for Splints and Bony Enlargements with very great success."—Hill Crest, Market Harborough, 11th May, 1901.

* * *

From V. P. Calmady, Esq., M.F.H.

"Your Embrocation acted very well indeed on Splints, which is the only thing I have yet tried it for."—Tetcott, Holsworthy N. Devon, 28th March, 1894.

* * *

"I applied your Embrocation for Splints on three different horses with grand effect. I had this bottle between six and seven years, and it must have great strength."—From Mr. A. F. Williamson, Kingsfield House, Kintore, N.B., 5th January, 1899.

* * *

From Rev. Canon Wilberforce, D.D. (now Archdeacon of Westminster).

"I once bought some excellent stuff from you to reduce Splints in horses."—20 Dean's Yard, Westminster, London, 21st May, 1896.

* * *

"One application of your Embrocation cured my horse from lameness due to Splint."—From T. Ridge Jones, Esq., M.D., 4 Chesham Place, London, S.W., 10th June, 1896.

BONE SPAVIN.—A well-formed large hock is rarely subject to Spavin, but defect in these qualities is likely to produce sprain, if the animal is called upon for undue exertion, and thus set up the inflammation which results in the deposit of Bone Spavin. It occurs, generally speaking, at the anterior, inner and lower part of the hock joint.

Treatment.—Rest is an important element in the successful treatment of Spavin, in its early stages. Cold applications or hot fomentations are advisable in order to reduce the inflammation, after which the Embrocation is to be applied.

"I should like to bear testimony to the excellence of your Embrocation. A valuable blood horse of mine was beginning to go very lame with a Spavin on the off hock. One applica-

tion of the Embrocation followed by five weeks at grass, and the horse came in last week, and is going as sound as a bell, and not a trace of swelling remains to disfigure the joint."—From James D. Farquharson, Esq., M.B., 242 Westgate Road, Newcastle on Tyne.

* * *

From MAJOR-GEN. E. HARDING STEWARD, R.E., C.M.G.

"I used your Embrocation with great success, having cured one mare of Spavin and removed a Curb and Splint from another of my horses."—The Cedars, Epsom.

* * *

"I have treated a horse suffering from Bone Spavin (or Jack) with your Embrocation. He was very lame, and I called in the vet, who blistered him three times in as many weeks, without any good results. I then got a bottle of your Embrocation, and have used it twice, and am proud and happy to say the horse is now quite sound. I worked him regularly all through, therefore I am all the more pleased."—From Mr. Henry V. Snook, Bevis Hill Cottage, Southampton, 7th June, 1909.

* * *

Two Horses cured of Spavin.

"Will you forward me some copies of your Horse-Owners' Handy Note Book, so that I may give them to friends, for I have been using your Embrocation on two of my horses for Spavins, and have quite cured them, and am now using it on a third horse which I have no doubt it will cure also. I should like it to be more widely known here, for I have great faith in it."—Henry Kilner, 82 Sussex Street, Brighton, 14th June, 1901.

* * *

I tried your remedy on a Filly with Spavins, and it has done wonders."—William Owens, Oldtown, Cavan, 4th July, 1904.

* * *

"We have tried your Embrocation for Bone Spavin with wonderful effect, and with great success."—From Mr. W. Cocum, Bromwich House Stables, Worcester, 18th May, 1905.

SIDE BONE is the name commonly given to a change of structure of the elastic cartilage adherent to the wings of the foot-bone, as the result of concussion, or tread, or wound of some kind.

TREATMENT.—Here again rest is a most desirable adjunct to treatment. Use cold water freely to reduce inflammatory heat, and follow this by a smart application of HARVEY'S EMBROCATION, the hair being first closely clipped or shaved.

From the late LORD COMBERMERE.

"I think your Embrocation is the most wonderful thing I ever saw. I had a horse fired for Side Bones in May. He was very lame at the end of last season. I took him up in September and put him to work. He then went lame again, although quite sound when first taken up. I applied your Embrocation, and put him to work again; he has been hunting twice a week for a month or more, and is now practically sound.

"I have great pleasure in volunteering this information, and shall be glad to give you a testimonial if you care to have one."—Combermere, Springfield, Tarporley, 28th Nov., 1890.

* * *

"I used your Embrocation, or 'Curb Bottle,' three or four years ago for Side Bones in horses, and in every case successfully."—From Nicholas Parson, Esq., Higher Tregantle, Millbrook, Plymouth, 6th April, 1908.

* * *

"I can give you an excellent testimonial for your stuff for removing Side Bones if you ever want one."—Charles H. Knill, 'Oak Lodge,' Belle Vue, Shrewsbury, July 8th, 1908.

* * *

"I have tried your Embrocation on a valuable Shire Stallion for a Side Bone, and it has taken it down completely."—H. G. Pearce, Hall Farm, Thorington, Darsham, Saxmundham, 14th December, 1908.

RING BONE may occur either on the upper or lower pastern bones, more frequently in the hind than in the fore limbs.

TREATMENT.—As recommended above for Side Bone.

"I have been using your Embrocation on a valuable Mare for Ring Bone with good results. The Mare could only do land work before I used it; now she is regularly on the road

and goes wonderfully well."—From Thos. Levett, Esq., Gate House, Goudhurst, Kent, 9th January, 1909.

* * *

"A Splendid Remedy."

"I have used Harvey's Embrocation for Bone Spavin and Ringbone on my own horses, and recommended it to a friend for splint. In each case a complete cure was the result. This splendid remedy should be more widely known."—From Miss M. E. Wolseley, 17 Medina Villas, Hove, Sussex, December 27th, 1906.

* * *

"I must say I have never met anything so good as your Curb Embrocation. I have used it on a mare I have which was lame for 12 months with Spavin and Ring Bone, and she is now as sound as a bell."—Sam Revell, Spink Hill, nr. Chesterfield, Derbyshire, October 1st, 1906.

* * *

A Reprieve.

"Your Embrocation is simply marvellous. I have a colt an eminent Vet. ordered to be destroyed that I have cured of Ring Bone. I have him in strong work now, sound, and hardly a trace of the Ring Bone nor a hair missing."—John McCarthy, Private Trainer, Dunshaughlin, Co. Meath, Nov., 2nd, 1905.

* * *

"I am pleased to inform you that your Embrocation has been quite successful on a bad case of Ring Bone. The mare, a very valuable one, is now quite sound and in hard work."—From Mr. Frederick Smith, Whittington House Stables, Chesterfield, Derbyshire, 7th June, 1905.

* * *

"I had a Cob with a Ring Bone forming which had caused him to be lame for three months. After two applications of your Curb Bottle it seemed to disperse; the Cob went sound and has continued doing so, without any sign of the Ring Bone forming for fourteen months."—From Mr. R. T. Randall, 526 to 530 Holloway Road, London, N., 16th August, 1904.

CAPPED HOCK is a swelling at the point of the Hock, the result either of kicking in harness or in the stable; or to contact with the bare floor, due to insufficient bedding.

CAPPED ELBOW, or SHOE BOIL, is a swelling on the point of the Elbow caused by lying on the point of the shoe, or from contact with the bare floor.

TREATMENT.—Having first reduced any inflammation present with applications of cold water, followed by hand rubbing, Harvey's EMBROCATION should be applied as per general directions.

"I cannot recommend too highly your Embrocation, which has removed a very large Capped Hock off one of her Ladyship's horses. You can make what use of this you like. It is four months since the Capped Hock was cured, and there is no sign of it returning."—William Lunn, Coachman to Dowager Lady O'Neill, Tullymore Lodge, Ballymena, 10th February, 1903.

* * *

After Complete Failure.

"I have quite lately taken away a Capped Hock from my mare with your Embrocation, after complete failure with several other applications."—From Major Stephen Chapman, Tainfield, Taunton, Somerset, 11th March, 1898.

* * *

Capped Elbow.

"I have been using your Embrocation for Capped Elbow with great benefit."—Clarke Lonkhurst, Duke's Head Hotel, Hamstreet, Ashford, Kent, July 29th, 1908.

BOG SPAVIN is a distention of the bursa of the true Hock Joint.

THOROUGH-PIN, a bursal enlargement at the upper and back part of the hock, is a soft flexible swelling, capable under pressure of being forced from one side of the hock to the other ; hence the name. **Thorough-pin** and **Bog Spavin** are often concurrent in the same limb.

TREATMENT is the same as for CAPPED HOCK, followed by a mild application of HARVEY'S EMBROCATION.

"I have used your Embrocation for Bog Spavin, etc., with success."—From N. J. Baber, Esq., "Springhill," Worle, Weston-Super-Mare, August 5th, 1907.

"Your Embrocation has cured a grand horse of Bog Spavin, and one with Splints."—Mark Chambers, 32 Aitken Street, Accrington, Lancashire, 22nd July, 1902.

* * *

"Like Magic."

"I have just used your Embrocation on a four-year-old with Bog Spavin and Thorough Pin that I fired and blistered twice last year. It has acted like magic."—George Eastham, Touch Road Farm, Walmersley, nr. Bury, July 27th, 1906.

* * *

"Your splendid Remedy has cured my three-year-old Filly of Bog Spavin. It is wonderful stuff."—From Wm. Munn, Horse Breaker, 14 Stanley Road, Herne Bay, Kent, 12th May, 1910.

* * *

Perfect Success.

"Your Embrocation for Thoroughpin was a perfect success."—From Wm. Finch, Esq., Nott Square, Carmarthen, 13th August, 1895.

* * *

"I am pleased to tell you that the Embrocation has taken the Thoroughpin clean away. The Vets. here said it could not be done."—From Mr. James Powell, 95 Belgrave Road, Florence, Longton, Staffs., 12th February, 1894.

WINDGALLS are similar in nature to Thorough-pin, but are situated about the Fetlock Joints.

TREATMENT.—In recent cases apply cold water bandages, kept constantly wet during the day. These ought to be removed several times daily, and the part well hand rubbed. At night pressure bandages should be used, that is to say, a layer of cotton wool placed round the affected part, and over this a stable bandage extending from below the knee to the heel.

In Chronic Cases HARVEY'S EMBROCATION should be mildly applied as per general directions, but with increased caution, as there is always danger of increasing inflammation in such cases.

"Beyond Expectation."

"I had splendid results from your Embrocation on a mare which had very unsightly stress lumps, or windgalls, on all fours. The result was BEYOND MY EXPECTATION."—J. M. Beck, Cabin Hill, Knock, Belfast, December 26th, 1905.

"I find your Curb Bottle a splendid thing for Windgalls." —William Pratley, Watson Mill, Sowerby Bridge, Yorkshire, 27th November, 1904.

* * *

"I have used several bottles of your Embrocation for Windgalls and Splints, and it has given the greatest satisfaction."—H. Chapman, 12 Silchester Road, Notting Hill, London, W., 2nd July, 1903.

FLEXOR TENDONS and LIGAMENTS or BACK SINEWS, SPRAIN OF. These injuries occur below the knee, at the back of the limb.

TREATMENT.—If the injury is severe, entire rest is essential. Withdraw corn or heating food of any kind. Apply cold water bandages in the early stages, and follow with an application of HARVEY'S EMBROCATION thoroughly rubbed in, and repeated in four or five weeks if necessary.

A Remarkab'e Case.

"We would like you to know that your EMBROCATION has completely cured one of our horses, who was suffering with drawn Tendons on hind legs so badly that he only walked on his toes, his heels being 2½ inches off the ground. We have treated the leg three times, and he now goes all right, and has been at work all the time.

"Our carmen, who only know about blistering and firing, pronounce it wonderful."—From Messrs. George Rice, Ltd., Hudson Bay Works, Warton Road, Stratford, London E., 9th August, 1910,

* * *

"The bottle I had from you on the 13th ult. I used in a case of Sprain of the Back Sinews. The Horse is now fit for work. I consider it wonderful, and shall recommend it." —Rd. Barnes, Contractor, Thorns Farm, Brierley Hill, Staffs., 5th May, 1909.

* * *

"I don't like to be without your Embrocation. Have found it of the greatest use for sprained Tendons, etc., in my hunters."—From Leighton White, Esq., Fifield, Milton-under-Wychwood, Oxon., Jan. 6th., 1906.

* * *

A Rapid Effect.

"I am pleased to tell you that your Embrocation cured my pony's badly strained tendons. I tried it three months

ago. At the end of a week the pony walked sound, and for the last month has done regular work."—From E. Unwin, Esq., Doriscourt, Upper Chorlton Road, Manchester, April 5th, 1906.

* * *

Completely Gone on the Back Sinews.

"I think your Embrocation quite first-rate. I bought a horse last July, said to be done for, for very little money, purposely to experimentalize upon. He was completely gone on the back sinews of both forelegs. I blistered him heavily three times, at five weeks between each blister, with the Embrocation, then turned him out for two months, then had him up, put into condition, and have hunted him regularly two days a week since, sometimes HARD. I ride 14.7, and he has never gone even 'dicky,' and I consider the horse (8 years old), sound and likely to continue so."—From A. Osmond Williams, Esq., J.P., D.L., Castell Deudraeth, Penrhyndeudraeth, N. Wales, 24th January, 1885.

* * *

Better Counsel.

"Four years ago I wrote to you about a favourite hunter that had broken down badly in both Back Sinews. My Vet.—in fact, two Vets.—told me to shoot the horse, but my old friend, Mr. C. B. E. Wright, advised my writing to you. I did so, and you sent me a small bottle of your Embrocation, with full instructions for treatment. I took your advice, and the result was I got the horse sound, and have hunted him in his turn for the past three seasons, and hope to hunt him another, although he is ten years old."—From T. B. Matthews, Esq., Thorp Arch Hall, Yorkshire, 21st February, 1897.

* * *

"Will you kindly send me a £5 Chest of your Remedies, for which I enclose my cheque. I had occasion two or three years ago to give your Embrocation a trial. A hunter that I was training to jump sprung the back sinew of his off foreleg, resulting in considerable thickening of the tendon, which was completely reduced by one application, and I hunted him all the season, won first prize at the local jumping competition, and sold him well afterwards."—From G. H. Walker, Esq., Bedford House, Malvern Wells, 3rd March, 1894.

* * *

All Other Remedies Baffled.

"Major-General Forster has found the Embrocation invaluable in a very severe case of Sprain, which had baffled all other remedies used, but was cured by the application of Harvey's Embrocation as directed."—Government House, Chatham, 18th August, 1894.

SORE SHINS.—Young race horses are subject to this complaint, produced either in training or in actual work, by urging the animal beyond his strength.

TREATMENT consists in rest and cold applications, followed by a very mild application of the Embrocation.

SANDCRACK.—The primary object of treatment must be to promote the rapid growth of new and healthy horn from the coronet, as the divided horn will never re-unite. For this purpose apply HARVEY'S EMBROCATION lightly to the coronet.

To prevent further splitting, a line, or nick, should be cut with the rasp across the crack above it. The horse should be shod in such a way as to prevent his weight from being thrown on the weak spot.

NAVICULAR DISEASE most often affects horses doing fast work on hard roads. The condition may be hereditary.

The symptoms are :—Lameness in one or both fore feet, which diminishes with exercise, becoming noticeable again after the animal has been rested. The gait is pottering ; the horse goes on his toes, and is apt to stumble ; while standing in the stable he points the affected foot. There may be some heat about the foot, some fulness in the hollow of the heel, and some tenderness on percussion over the frog. In Chronic Cases there is always contraction of the feet and heels. The hoof becomes upright, the heels deepened, and the frog shrunken.

TREATMENT.—Clip the hair round the coronets and apply Harvey's EMBROCATION. Turn out to grass for a month or six weeks ; or in winter rest the horse in a loose box for the same length of time, bedding with plenty of peat moss litter.

"I have a mare suffering from Navicular Disease according to the V.S. I applied a blister, which did not do any good. I then got a small bottle of your Embrocation from Woolley's & Sons, and applied as directed. I must admit the mare walks sound now."—From Mr. M. J. O'Doherty, 696 Oldham Road, Newton Heath, Manchester, 2nd September, 1904.

"I have used your Embrocation on my horse, which has Navicular Disease, and he appears to be much better in walking."—From Mr. W. J. Porter, Great Marlow, 28th April, 1905.

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"A month or so ago I wrote about the treatment of my horse for Navicluar Disease, and acted on your advice, applying the Embrocation, and now I am using him daily, perfectly sound so far."—From Colonel Vallack Tom, Cawsand, Plymouth, 6th October, 1896.

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"I have used your Embrocation on a horse that was very lame for nearly three months, and which an eminent Vet. pronounced to be Navicular. I had tried several remedies, but without success, but after your Embrocation he is now as well as ever, and I have hunted him up to the present." —From Miss Frances Brady-Browne, New Grove, Tulla, County Clare, 29th March, 1897.

DEEP-SEATED LAMENESS.—Beside such cases of lameness as arise from exostoses or bony enlargements, sprains of tendons or ligaments, as previously considered, there are others, in which the cause may be obscure and entirely undiscoverable by the unprofessional examiner. In endeavouring to treat such a case the owner will sometimes make up his mind that the lameness is in some particular locality, and will apply a blistering agent over an area sufficiently large to make it pretty sure that the right spot will be covered. This line of argument we would strongly deprecate. Far better have the horse examined by a skilful veterinary before adopting active treatment. But once the seat of lameness is discovered, if the case be one in which a blister or firing would commonly be employed, no hesitation need be entertained in applying HARVEY'S EMBROCATION, which will search the deepest seat of the injury, as neither Blister or Firing could do.

Several very Eminent London Veterinary Surgeons failed.

From LADY MARGARET JENKINS.

"Lady Margaret Jenkins is glad to be able to write and tell Messrs. Harvey that her horse has been apparently quite cured by their Embrocation. The horse was very lame in the

hock, and considered so hopeless a case by SEVERAL VERY EMINENT VETERINARY SURGEONS that they advised his being destroyed. In December last the Embrocation was applied (a very severe dressing), with the result that when the effect of it passed off THE HORSE WENT PERFECTLY SOUND and has continued to do so ever since, and Lady Margaret Jenkins now rides him daily in the Park."—46 Upper Grosvenor Street, London, W.

* * *

"Hopelessly Unsound."

"I take this opportunity of telling you how I cured a thorough-bred horse (by Peter, out of Venture) with your Embrocation last year. He was hopelessly unsound, and I told the groom he could take him to the kennels. He suggested trying your Embrocation as a last resource, which we did. After one application he was very much better; and after a second, five weeks later, he was PERFECTLY SOUND, and was fit for training, and then ran and was second in a hurdle race at Warwick, and won the Oldbury Hurdle Handicap, Dunstall Park. I sold him then; but he won another race after that. You are at liberty to make any use of this testimonial that you care to."—From Cecil S. Arckoll, Esq., M.A., J.P., Lime Park, Hurstmonceaux, Sussex, 4th November, 1895.

* * *

"I have used your Curb Bottle on seven horses for Deep-seated Lameness and for Splints with success. I have also cured three horses for a native prince, and he is very pleased at the way they have turned out, for they are as clean as a pin." —From A. H. Roden, Horse Dealer and Trainer, Mooltan, Punjab, India, 24th April, 1910.

* * *

"Not worth a £5 note."

"I think it is only due to you to state that I had a horse very lame in the stifle joint, very deep-seated. He was blistered three or four times by two Veterinaries, out to grass three times during two years, and the last occasion about eight months, and yet after working him in light carriage traffic for about a week was as lame as ever, the Veterinary stating he was not worth £5, yet, only for the lameness, well worth 80 guineas. Coming across your 'Note Book,' I determined to try your Embrocation, and within THREE DAYS of doing so the lameness had left. He had a slight return after two months' work, and I gave him another dressing, which almost immediately cured him. That is several months ago,

and the horse has been worked regularly, and is free from lameness ever since. I thank you very much."—From S. J. Thomas, Esq., Avonmore, Sneyd Park, near Bristol, 11th October, 1894.

* * *

"Two Years Lame."

"Having a cob nearly two years lame in the forelegs treated by more than one V.S. without improvement, I was induced to try your Embrocation, and it certainly worked wonders. After the first dressing he was decidedly better, and a short time after the second he became, to my great surprise, quite sound. I have also used your Embrocation on two other horses for strained sinews and splints, besides recommending it to several friends, and in each case with beneficial results. You are quite at liberty to make use of this unsolicited testimonial if you so desire."—From Frank Kirby, Esq., The Limes, Waltham Cross, Herts, 19th November, 1894.

* * *

"Wonders!"

"Your Embrocation has worked wonders on my horse, after being lame and turned out for three months as incurable. After one doing he seems sound as ever, and can do any amount of work now. Everyone seems surprised, for many told me he was done for, but he is far from so now."—From Mrs. S. Killer, Butcher, Middleton-by-Wirksworth.

* * *

Stifle Lameness.

"I have used your Embrocation on some of the worst cases and found it very beneficial. I have completely cured a cart horse of Stifle Lameness, which had been given up as incurable. I have also used it for Shoulder Lameness and various other cases, and found it excellent."—From W. Rhodes, Clarence Road, Sutton Coldfield, Birmingham, 25th September, 1908.

* * *

"Colonel Bradford Brown is glad to be able to say that his previous supply of Embrocation, after two or three applications, effectually cured a chronic case of lameness in a valuable brougham horse, on which all other remedies had failed, and on which all neighbouring veterinary skill was of no avail."—Domons Hall, Northiam, Sussex, December 9th, 1907.

Swellings and Bony Enlargements from various causes.

"To My Great Surprise."

"Picking up your Note Book in my office this morning reminded me of a wonderful experience I had of the effects of one dressing (½ small bottle) of your Embrocation some time back, which I think is worth knowing. I bought a young mare about 5 years old, with a large hard lump below the inside of the near front leg, caused by speedy-cut or brushing. This mare had always been driven with a leather gaiter; but hearing of your Embrocation, I tried it. In three weeks' time it was one mass like a large scab. I felt disappointed, and ordered my man to thoroughly grease it. The next day, having to drive the mare myself, and not liking the look of this "Scab" (as I thought), ordered it to be washed with hot water, and to my great surprise the whole lot washed clean off, leaving the leg as clean as anything, and new hair growing. The mare still runs in this town in a baker's cart, and I can assure you there is no sign of any lump. It's as well to mention I worked the mare during the time."—From Mr. H. J. Cooke, 20 Northbrook Street, Newbury, 16th July, 1904.

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"A Horse's Jaw."

"I tried the Curb Bottle on an enlargement (on a horse's jaw) of 5 or 6 months' standing, and it was very effective, completely scattering it in one application."—From Mr. Joseph Davidson, Castle Gore, Ballina, Co. Mayo, 11th May, 1904.

* * *

"I am Proud To Say."

"I have used your Embrocation with success on a mare that had a big lump on the inside of her knee as large as an ordinary size apple, which everybody had given up; they said it could never be got away; but I am proud to say after two dressings it has gone clean away."—Abel Watkins, Iron Founder, Bridge House, Maesteg, Glam., 1st January, 1905.

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"Exceedingly Pleased."

"I am exceedingly pleased with the results of the Embrocation for an enlargement on a Colt's leg, for it has completely cured it."—From Mr. C. H. Radcliffe, Worthington Street, Manchester Street, Oldham, 12th February, 1904.

Serous Abscess.

"I tried the Embrocation for Swelling on my mare's throat. The Embrocation broke abscess in less than four days, the skin around lump peeling, and offensive discharge came away freely. No pain, apparently. I have since given a course of your Condition Powders, and she is in good health again."—From Major T. Erskine Baylis, Ingleglen, Farnham Common, Slough, Bucks, 4th May, 1905.

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Bony Formation on Knee.

"I have just used some of your Embrocation with marked success on a hunter with a very large Bony Formation on the Knee. After two dressings he is working sound, after being lame more than twelve months."—E. P. Hodges, Ladbrooke House, Kenilworth, 3rd January, 1910.

* * *

Beyond Comparison.

"I have used your Embrocation now for four years, and previously I had tried almost every blister there is made for various ailments, but I have no hesitation at all in writing that I firmly believe there is no blister in the world which will give such good results as yours in removing Bony Enlargements, and in fact any ailment that causes lameness. I recommend it to all sorts of people, and ALWAYS with good results."—Thos. Kerr, R.S.S., The Hatch Gate Shoeing Forges, Whitchurch Hill, Oxon., March 12th, 1906.

* * *

Swollen Knees.

"A few weeks back I was recommended to try your Embrocation to reduce an Enlarged Knee on a horse caused through a kick some time back. I procured a bottle, and am pleased to say it has had the desired effect."—R. Lane, Lyndurst, Eversholt, Woburn, Beds., 28th June, 1906.

* * *

"Priceless."

"I used your Embrocation as directed to the swelling on my mare's knee after broken knees, and think it is priceless. The wound was so bad that it had to be stitched by the vet., but now the knee is nearly its normal size."—From Rev. E. P. Doudney, The Rectory, Wainfleet, R.S.O., Lincs., December 19th, 1906.

Old Swellings.

"I have used your Embrocation, and find it removes Old Swellings when all others fail. I am never without it, and strongly recommend it to my friends."—J. J. Pitt, Coatsworth Road, Gateshead, May 25th, 1906.

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For Horse and Hound.

"I have done extremely well with the Embrocation for all kinds of fillings and bumps on Horses and Grey-hounds."—From E. Stanley Webb, Esq., J.P., Studley Court, Stourbridge, Nov. 5th, 1906.

OPHTHALMIA, or inflammation of the eye, is usually treated by issues on the face, which are certainly useful in restoring the eye, but are offensive to look at, and the pain of dressing setons makes a horse shy of having his head handled, and they always leave a blemish. Blisters are sometimes used for the same purpose, but if a horse rubs his face on the manger, after a blister is applied, it may get into the inflamed eye, and destroy the organ altogether, and also probably cause the animal to otherwise injure himself under the influence of the pain.

A few drops of HARVEY'S EMBROCATION rubbed on the face, to within half-an-inch of the eye, will be dry on the surface in less than a minute, will perform its work more quickly and effectually than the other, and will leave no mark. Physic is essential in those cases, as also low diet, a cool stable, and shade from the sun.

The late MR. M. S. SMALL, V.S., Dublin.

"I have used this Embrocation many years, and in some cases could not get on without it. No other counter-irritant has the effect on a cow's skin it has. In cases of Ophthalmia in the horse, and other diseases of the eye for which it is expedient to blister or issue, I rub a little of the Embrocation on the face, close to the eye, with the finger, and get an immediate effect, without the necessity of tying a horse up for days, which must be done when any ointment is used."

For Cough, proceeding from irritability of the larynx, Bronchitis, Influenza, Pneumonia and Pleurisy, Sore Throat, or other cases where blistering is commonly adopted, more speedy and satisfactory results will attend the use of HARVEY'S EMBROCATION.

Always use it sparingly to obtain the best results.

Professional Opinion.

"Please send at once one Veterinary Bottle of Embrocation as before. I like it very much, and will give you a testimonial if you want one."—From Mr. George H. Bishop, M.R.C.V.S., London; Bedminster Bridge, Bristol, 20th October, 1903.

* * *

"Kindly forward me by return one Veterinary Practitioner's bottle of your Embrocation for Curbs, &c. I find it very useful."—Charles W. Marshall, M.R.C.V.S., Veterinary Establishment, Farnham, 20th May, 1903.

* * *

"I have tried your Embrocation on a very bad case with very satisfactory results. It is the best remedy I have ever used."—From Mr. A. B. Medd, V.S., Holliday House, Holbeach, 13th September, 1893.

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"We have seen on one or two occasions, and where other agents have been tried, Harvey's Embrocation used with most decided benefit. Firing is recommended by some, but it should be the *dernier resort*, and I should prefer, for my own part, repeated use of the last-named application (Harvey's Embrocation), before permanently blemishing the animal."—W. G. R. Cox, M.R.C.V.S., London (late Government Staff); author of the "Stock-keeper and Agriculturists' Text-Book."

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"I have given your Embrocation a fair trial, and find it very useful, especially amongst young stock when they cannot be tied up in a stall, which is necessary with an ordinary blister. It has a splendid effect on a cow's skin, and is very easily managed with such an animal."—From Mr. T. M. Inglis, M.R.C.V.S., Forfar, N.B., 14th December, 1892.

For Undefined and General Purposes.

"You may remember last year I wrote you about a Black Mare I had, and which I thought I never should get right; and I gave her two dressings with your Embrocation at a month's interval, and then turned her out for three months. I have this year hunted her two days in ten all the season, and sometimes two days a week. She is going quite sound."—From Mr. Frederick Lukey, 87 Sandgate Road, Folkestone, 27th April, 1908.

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"We have used your Embrocation with success."—Arnh. Rijt. Mij. V. H. Gebr. Riemer, Arnhem (Holland), December 9th, 1907.

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"During these last few years I have used a deal of your Embrocation for our horses and cattle, and I am sure I cannot speak too highly of it. It has done all I have used it for."—Herbert J. Sparrow, Ravenshore, Helmshore, nr. Manchester, 11th January, 1906.

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"I have used your Embrocation in two cases, both with success. In one case the Vet. advised me to get rid of the horse. I have another case under treatment now, and it has every appearance of turning out successful."—W. J. Large, 18 Park Crescent Mews, West, Marylebone Road, London, N.W., May 17th, 1905.

* * *

"I have used your Embrocation for Curbs, Splints, Spavins, Ringbone, &c., and have completely cured them. It is the most wonderful thing I ever used."—From F. Underwood, Esq., Creech St. Michael, Somerset, 12th May, 1896.

* * *

"Kindly forward me a bottle of your excellent preparation for Splint and weakness of forelegs."—Dudley Sampson, Lt.-Col., D.L., J.P., Buxhall Park, Haywards Heath, 11th April, 1903.

* * *

"Please send me a bottle of your Curb Embrocation, for my experience of it has always been most satisfactory."—Edward Paley, Colonel, Mickleton Manor, Gloucestershire, 12th April, 1902.

"Really Splendid."

"A few weeks ago you sent me some of your Embrocation. I have used it, and must say it is really splendid."—J. O'Neill Murphy, late Capt. R.N., 5 East Cliff, Dover, Kent, 25th November, 1902.

Veterinary Surgeons.—The attention of Veterinary Practitioners is directed to the Large Glass-stoppered Bottle of HARVEY'S EMBROCATION specially put up for their use. It contains the equivalent of four **7s.** Bottles.

DIRECTIONS FOR USE.

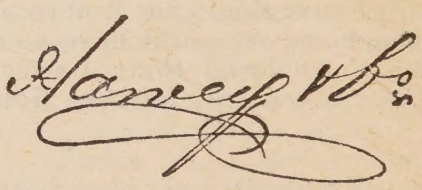
Trim off the hair, if long, and vigorously rub the place with a brush, or wash with white soap and warm water, if much dandruff be present, and, when dry, damp all over the surface of the diseased part with a bit of sponge about the size of a walnut, saturated with the fluid, and instantly rub with the palm of the hand until dry.

Be careful merely to slightly damp the part. Heavy dressing must be avoided.

The application not to be repeated for four or five weeks, and then only in case any of the disease remains. The scurf that forms after the discharge has ceased to be allowed to fall off itself.

N.B.—Keep the bottle closely corked.

CAUTION.—See that the wrapper round each bottle bears a fac-simile of our signature as below, as without it none is genuine.



Prices, 3/9, 7/-, and 21/- per Bottle,

Where and how to procure the Remedies,

See pages 92 and 96.

"To stop his wounds."—*Merchant of Venice*, Act iv., Scene 1.

A Rapid Healer.

CAUTION.—Always ask for **Harvey's Red Lotion,** and observe that a fac-simile of the Proprietors' Signature is on the outside Label of each genuine Bottle,

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PART II.

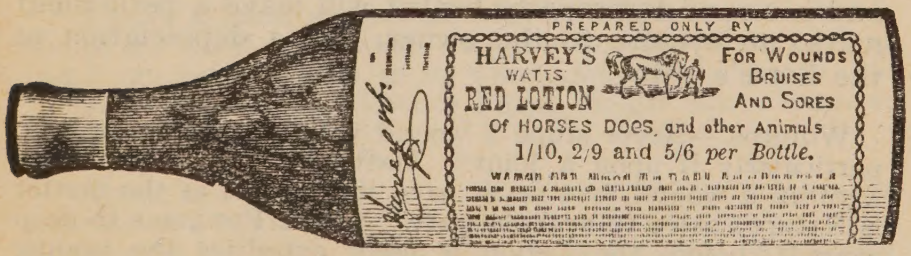
Wounds and Sores

Healed without Bandages.

HARVEY'S RED LOTION

(HARVEY'S WATTS' RED LOTION).

In Bottles, 1/10, 2/9, and 5/6.



A reduced fac-simile of a **1/10** *Bottle of Harvey's Red Lotion as made up for sale.*

HARVEY'S RED LOTION is a perfect Healing Wash, containing all the properties necessary for the healthy and rapid repair of injured tissues, and being absolutely non-poisonous and harmless, no danger need be feared in applying it to wounds, no matter how severe, in any animal.

HARVEY'S RED LOTION is unsurpassed for the treatment of :—

Cuts,
Wounds,
Sores,
Abrasions,
Broken Knees,
Grease and Cracked Heels,
Mud Fever,
Itchy Mane & Tail, &c.
Mallenders and Sallenders
Sore Backs,
Collar and Saddle Galls,
Speedy Cuts,
Brushing Marks,
Sores or Chaps on the Teats of Cows,

and for Wounds and Abrasions of all kinds in Horses, Cattle, Dogs, and other animals.

The Bandaging of wounds treated with the RED LOTION is not necessary, nor is it desirable. Dabbed on the parts with a piece of old linen, it at once promotes a natural film which effectually excludes the air, and prevents the formation of abnormal fungoid growths, such as proud flesh, which are so common and troublesome a feature in the treatment of indolent wounds.

As the RED LOTION is so cheap, a bottle ought to be at hand in all stables, ready for prompt use in emergency. A small difference in time at the start may make much difference in rapidity and cleanness of cure, and a wound improperly healed will leave a permanent mark, an eyesore to the owner, and a depreciation of the horse's value.

WOUNDS.—Never stupe a wound with water, hot or cold, particularly if upon a joint. Matter may be wiped from AROUND a wound, but never from its surface, as the matter is Nature's salve to heal the part. A HOT POULTICE to deep wounds, before the Lotion is used, expedites the healing process.

WOUNDS SHOULD NEVER BE STITCHED. Saturate the hair on both sides of the cut with liquid cement, or glue, and lay on strips of calico, with the selvage within a quarter of an inch of the edges of the cut on both sides. Draw these together with needle and thread, and lace as it were till the lips of the wound are in close apposition, leaving a depending orifice for the suppuration to escape.

For BROKEN KNEES the RED LOTION is to be used in conjunction with the HAIR RESTORING OINTMENT (see

page 74); the wound being first healed with the Red Lotion, and the Ointment used afterwards as directed. Treated in this manner, the skin and hair will be healthily restored, and no trace of the injury left.

We have not yet happened to hear of a case where the RED LOTION was applied in the early stages of the accident, followed by the use of the HAIR RESTORING OINTMENT, that was not satisfactorily cured; while, on the other hand, we have seen cases so bad that the owners had no hope of getting the horse right, after a course of simple treatment with the RED LOTION, followed by the HAIR RESTORING OINTMENT, become so smooth and fine, and free from mark of any kind, as to defy the closest scrutiny.

Broken Knees.

A well-known French Veterinary Surgeon writes:—"Please find enclosed 1s. 10d. for a Bottle of your RED LOTION, which I find very useful in the treatment of cuts, wounds, and Broken Knees."—A. Cholet, Veterinaire, Hospital Veterinaire, 17 Avenue de la Gare, Chantilly (Oise), 8th March, 1910.

* * *

"I have a horse at present with a broken knee, and it is one of the worst of its kind. I got a Bottle of Red Lotion, and I can safely testify to its wonderful healing power."—James Stevenson, 45 Florence Street, South Side, Glasgow, August 19th, 1907.

* * *

"About ten years ago a carriage horse we were breaking came down a cropper, and we used your Red Lotion and Hair Restorer to his knees, which were badly broken. We hardly valued him at £25, but your remedies completely cured him and no one would know by his knees that he had been down, as the hair came the same colour, and no scar was left. Six months after we sold him for 175 guineas, four years old."—From Messrs. S. Fyson & Sons, Stoneleigh Brewery, Warboys, Hunts., Feb. 24th, 1906.

* * *

"I have used your Red Lotion and Hair Restoring Ointment with great success for a horse with badly cut knees. I think it is a wonderful preparation."—W. E. Austin, 1 De La Warr Mews, Station Rd., Bexhill, Oct. 18th, 1906.

"We are very pleased with your Red Lotion, and have had such excellent results on very serious cases of Broken knees that we recommend it to all our friends. It is invaluable."—From Messrs. D. S. Thomson & Sons, The Nurseries, Wimbledon, Surrey, August 8th, 1905.

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GREASE AND CRACKED HEELS.—If the hair is long it should be closely clipped. A bandage saturated with the RED LOTION should be drawn across the affected parts with a sawing movement twice a day. If the legs are swollen a dose of physic is advisable. In bad cases of Cracked Heels a warm poultice of Linseed Meal, applied before the RED LOTION is used, will greatly expedite the cure.

Grease.

"The Red Lotion we got from you has cured one of our horses completely of Grease."—From Messrs. J. H. Sykes & Son, Lindley, Huddersfield, 14th March, 1901.

* * *

"The Red Lotion has done my horse good, though I have used it only four times as yet. The grease is coming off in little cakes like dandriff."—From Capt. T. Somerville, The Prairie, Tourmore, Skibbereen, 10th November, 1891.

Cracked Heels.

"I must tell you that your Red Lotion has absolutely cured a very bad case of Cracked Heels, for which we had previously tried unsuccessfully every possible remedy."—From Miss Netta Humphreys, Malling House, West Malling, Kent, 21st December, 1909.

* * *

"I tried your Red Lotion for Cracked Heels in horse, with wonderful results in a few days, when other remedies had failed to do any good. Also on a dog with a dreadful wound through the leg, which we had no hope of ever getting better, in fact we were thinking of destroying same out of kindness, but in two weeks it was as well and happy as ever it had been, not a mark to be seen of any kind. Now we always keep a bottle of Harvey's Red Lotion in the place, and have had

pleasure in recommending it to others."—From Mr. Joseph Chantrey, Selwood House, Haydon Bridge, Northumberland, 2nd June, 1905.

MUD FEVER occurs most frequently in wet weather. Washing the mud off the legs without thoroughly drying them afterwards is a prolific cause. In certain districts the soil appears to set up the condition.

An eruption occurs in patches on the legs and belly, the hair falls out, and the animal loses condition.

TREATMENT.—Wash the affected parts carefully with warm water and glycerine (a wineglassful of the glycerine to a pint of warm water), and dry with soft cloths. Afterwards apply, twice daily, the RED LOTION, to which also a little glycerine may be added with advantage in treating this complaint. Dab it on with a piece of cotton wool or a soft sponge. Stop the horse's oats, give a laxative diet, such as bran mashes, "green meat," a few carrots sliced lengthways, etc., and a measure full of HARVEY'S KOPPOS POWDER in the drinking water twice daily, morning and evening, for three or four days. This will cool the system. Walking exercise should be given daily. Gradually bring the animal back to his usual oat ration, and when recovered a course of HARVEY'S WORM AND CONDITION POWDERS will quickly restore him to his former health. In order to prevent a recurrence of the disease, do not clip the legs, and when the horse comes in muddy, allow the mud to dry, and then brush it off. Washing a horse's legs is not advised.

* * *

"Please send me a dozen bottles of your Red Lotion. Last season my hunters got knocked up with Mud Fever. I tried everything without success, until a friend desired me to try your Lotion, which completely cured them in a few days. I find it invaluable for Hunting Knocks, &c., and am determined never to be without a stock of it."—From G. L. B. Stoney, Esq., M.D., Borrisokane, August 31st, 1875.

When horses rub the mane or tail from itchiness, the irritation is immediately allayed by sapping the LOTION well into the roots of the hair.

Irritation.

"You wrote me on the 25th May last, suggesting for the irritation on the hind legs of my cart mare Linseed Meal Poultices for two or three days. I had her poulticed for three

days, followed by Harvey's Red Lotion. After these poultices and one 1s. 10d. Bottle of your Red Lotion the irritation entirely ceased, and she also ceased stamping her hind legs, and now appears absolutely right. I delayed writing, so that I could report result, and I take the opportunity of thanking you for your advice, which has turned out so very satisfactorily."—From S. Francis Stone, Esq., D.L., Kirby Frith Hall, Leicester, July 9th, 1907.

* * *

"We have used the Red Lotion with excellent success for itching on the cob's skin."—From Messrs. Sadler & Co., Paradise Street, West Bromwich, 30th January, 1891.

* * *

"I am much pleased with the Red Lotion, as it has quite stopped the irritation in the tail after three dressings."—From Alf. M. Pilliner, Esq., Llantarnam Grange, near Newport, Mon., 21st August, 1884.

MALLENDERS and SALLENDERS. These names are given to a scaly eruption which occurs at the back of the knee and in front of the hock. It is called Mallenders on the fore and Sallenders on the hind leg.

TREATMENT.—Wash off the scaly matter with soft soap and warm water, and apply daily the Red Lotion in the morning with a soft sponge, and in the evening dress the part with Lanolin. The Red Lotion heals and strengthens the skin, while the Lanolin keeps it soft and supple.

For Sore Backs, Collar and Saddle Galls, Speedy Cuts, and Brushing Marks, Sores or Chaps on the Teats of Cows, and for wounds and abrasions of all kinds in Horses, Cattle, Dogs, and other animals

Use HARVEY'S RED LOTION as per General Directions.

Sore Backs.

"I wrote to you last year regarding my horse, and thanks to your prompt reply and valuable advice, the animal is no longer subject to sore backs or shoulder."—From R. L. Molabhoy, Esq., Gold Mohur Castle, Byculla, Bombay, July 20th, 1907.

* * *

"I have used your Red Lotion with great success for sore backs."—M. H. Lane, Rubwell Mills, Batley, November 6th, 1907.

"General Waterman is sure that Messrs. Harvey will be glad to learn that the Red Lotion has proved beneficial with the 'patients' for whom it was required."—12 Lansdown Crescent, Bath, 6th December, 1895.

* * *

"We always use your Red Lotion, and can testify that it is one of the best things that a horse-keeper can have in his stable, and we have recommended it to several firms."—From Messrs. J. Woods & Co., Contractors to H. M. Forces, Wellington Street, Aldershot, 18th May, 1896.

* * *

"The Lotion has been most satisfactory in its effects."—From Frederick Brodie, Esq., Fernhill, Wooton Bridge, Isle of Wight, 25th May, 1891.

* * *

"I have been applying the Red Lotion to the cut on my horse's withers with excellent results."—From A. E. Nolan, Esq., New Park, Loughrea, Co. Galway, 12th January, 1895.

* * *

"I have used your Red Lotion with beneficial results."—From Mr. Herbert M. Jenkins, Michaelston-Y-Vedw, near Cardiff, 23rd March, 1893.

* * *

"It acts like magic."—From Mr. N. Kedward, Stodham Park Stables, East Liss, 22nd Feb., 1893.

* * *

"Please send me eight bottles of your Red Lotion. The two bottles received have done wonderfully for the mare with Thick Leg. I had tried all sorts of things, but this beats them all."—From William Crook, Esq., 24 Adlington Street Burnley, Lancashire, 5th January, 1892.

* * *

"The Red Lotion gives great satisfaction."—From Thos. Wood, Buckminster Park Stables, Grantham, 21st Dec., 1891.

Prices:

Full Pint Bottles	**1/10**	**each.**
Imperial Quart	**2/9**	**„**
Glass-stoppered Winchester—90 oz.	**5/6**	**„**

Where and how to procure the Remedies.

See pages 92 and 96.

"Hark! they Roar!"—*Tempest*, Act 4, Sc. 1.
"As strong as Aconitum."—2 *Henry IV.*, Act 4, Sc. 4.

PART III.

The Organs of Respiration.

Harvey's Aconite Powders

For Chronic Cough, Coughs and Colds, Defective and Touched Wind, Thick Wind, Roaring and Whistling, Broken Wind, Influenza (Pink Eye), Husk or Hoose in Cattle, Windsucking and other Diseases of the Respiratory Organs.

2/8 per Box of Six Powders; 10/6 per Quarto of Four Boxes.

A reduced fac-simile of a **2 8** *Box of Harvey's Aconite Powders as made up for sale.*

HARVEY'S ACONITE POWDERS are, perhaps, the most remarkable and successful contribution to Veterinary Medicine ever discovered. They have accomplished and are daily accomplishing, for Horses afflicted with Chronic Cough and Defective Wind not

only what no other treatment could effect, but what until but a few years ago, was looked upon as impossible.

These Powders exercise the most extraordinary influence on the Respiratory Organs of Horses, and no encomium which the Makers could write concerning them would approach the record of actual results obtained by Horse-Owners, whose voluntary letters are given at the close of this chapter, telling how, through brief use of HARVEY'S ACONITE POWDERS, Coughs have disappeared ; how horses, otherwise sound, but through defective or broken Wind appeared good for nothing but the kennel or the " Zoo," have suddenly sprung into new life by their action, and how Roaring and other distressing affections of the Wind have yielded to their simple power.

Of such letters we can only give a typical selection. To publish all that we receive would need a volume.

HARVEY'S ACONITE POWDERS are a well-known remedy for those diseases of the Respiratory Organs of Horses (heretofore considered incurable). known as Chronic Cough, Broken Wind, Thick Wind, Hay Asthma, Noisy Respiration (Roaring, &c.), and other affections of the air passages and lungs ; and also for Hoose in cattle, all of which they either entirely remove or promptly alleviate in incurable cases.

These Powders are a successful combination of the active principle of ACONITE with other Medicinal Agents, absolutely avoiding the danger attending the use of the ordinary preparations of ACONITE, which, though well known to the Veterinary Profession, and greatly valued, are comparatively little used owing to the irregularity of their strength and the consequent difficulty of estimating results.

No single instance of mishap has ever been reported from the use of HARVEY'S ACONITE POWDERS, while the record of cures of advanced and, to all seeming, hopeless cases of defective Wind in Horses, is without parallel, as may be judged from the testimony following. These Powders are entirely unrivalled in Veterinary practice, accomplishing what no other medicine or combination of drugs can effect. The uniformity of their action, and the marvellous success which attends

their use in true disease of the Respiratory Organs, gives them the position of a **Standard Medicine.**

*** SPECIAL ATTENTION is directed to the very remarkable testimony following. Those who use these Powders, even in the worst forms of disease of the Air Passages, are astonished at their results.

THE MARVELLOUS ENERGY, renewed vigour, and high spirits imparted by their use, to animals, depressed, dull, and spiritless, by reason of defective wind, must be seen to be credited.

Chronic Cough.

A Chronic Cough is one of the most irritating experiences with which the Horse-Owner has to contend. An occasional cough is trying enough, but when this increases in intensity and frequency, and is always in evidence indoors and at work, it is no wonder if the Owner becomes discouraged, and often is ready to part with a horse, otherwise a good one, to be free from the annoyance.

HARVEY'S ACONITE POWDERS allay the irritation of the throat, which causes cough in horses, and when three of the powders have been given as directed, the effect will be apparent by abatement of cough and tranquillity of breathing.

During a sea voyage, travelling by rail, or owing to a mere change of stables, horses frequently take cold. In such recent cases two or three of these Powders will effect a cure.

Horses shipped across the Channel should get two or three powders after the journey, whether they show symptoms of cold or not, so that if damage has been done it is repaired at once.

Horses take these Powders in their food, and may work without danger while using them. Far from tending to injuriously affect them, the Powders give strength and tone to the whole system, and horses are vastly improved in condition by their use.

IN CHRONIC CASES A QUARTO OF FOUR BOXES is usually required, in order to keep the system some time

under the influence of the medicine ; but in all cases for which this medicine is suitable the effect will be marked and well manifested before the first Box of Six Powders is used.

The Respiratory Organs.

CHRONIC COUGH usually follows, and is the result of, Bronchitis or Catarrh.

TREATMENT.—Give HARVEY'S ACONITE POWDERS, according to the general directions at the end of this chapter.

* * *

"I had a box of your Cough Powders lying in my house for at least seven years. For want of better I tried them on a mare that had a bad cough, and they cured her like magic. Unless I had seen it with my own eyes, I would not have believed it."—From N. Gosselin, Esq., Aughnamullen, Ballybay, Co. Monaghan, 26th December, 1908.

* * *

"I wish to thank you for the Aconite Powders I had for my horse last year. They cured him of a cough which he had for over two years."—Richard Jones, Colley Gate, Cradley, Staffs., March 27th, 1907.

* * *

"I have used your Harvey's Aconite Powders for Chronic Cough and Broken Wind, and have found them most excellent, and I recommend them to all I know."—Wm. Green, Coachman, La Chaumiere, Chesham Bois, Bucks., Sept. 21st, 1906.

* * *

"Great Astonishment."

"We have pleasure in speaking in the highest praise of your Aconite Powders. One of our horses was so bad with a Chronic Cough that, after trying various remedies, we thought there was nothing for it but to have him killed. We, however, tried some of your Aconite Powders, and to our great astonishment he began to mend. He is now in good condition, and at work every day. The Veterinary Surgeon never expected he would recover."—From Messrs. Lloyd & Son, 128 and 130 White Ladies' Road, Redland, Bristol, 20th March, 1900.

* * *

"An Ounce of Shot."

"I think it is due to you to tell you the result of your Aconite Powders. I had a favourite old horse (over 21 years old, still the finest stepper I know), who for some years had

a Chronic Cough. This suddenly became very distressing, with great heaving of the flanks, and he was pronounced by the Vet. Surgeon here to be broken-winded, and I thought there was no cure but an ounce of shot. As a forlorn hope I sent for your powders, which he finished three or four weeks ago. Before he had finished them his cough had entirely disappeared, and he has never coughed since, and is quite fit for work. You can make any use you like of this. I have recommended the Powders to numerous friends."—From Lieut.-Col. Ichabod H. Wright, Mapperley Hall, Nottingham, 27th October, 1892.

* * *

"A Cough of Two Years' Standing."

"Your Cough Powders cured my mare of a bad Chronic Cough of two years' standing."—From Fras. Watkins, Esq., Ashfort Vale, Drumsna, Co. Leitrim, 30th September, 1887.

* * *

COUGHS AND COLDS, as before stated, are contracted in a variety of ways. Coughing is often noticed in horses coming off grass, or after a change of stables.

In all cases the animal should be treated at once; delay is dangerous, as one never knows what a cold will end in, if neglected.

Horses affected should not be put to hard work till cured.

One small box of HARVEY'S ACONITE POWDERS will be found sufficient to produce the desired effect in most of such cases.

* * *

"Last year I took a hunter up from straw yard late in September. It took cold, and had a cough for six or seven weeks, although I tried several remedies usually effectual. In the end I resorted to your Powders, of which I gave two boxes, and the cough then went, and the horse has been perfectly right ever since—a complete success."—From C. W. Butler, Esq., Standen Manor, Hungerford, September 3rd, 1908.

* * *

"Marvellous."

"Their action is marvellous, especially in horses coming up off the grass."—From Chas. H. E. Hall, Esq., The Nest, Athenry, Co. Galway, 30th October, 1888.

* * *

From MAJOR-GENERAL SHERMAN.

"Your Aconite Powders are wonderful! They have completely restored my mare. I shall strongly recommend

them to all my friends."—The Hall, Wittersham, near Ashford, Kent, 5th February, 1890.

* * *

From General Nelson.

"General Nelson wishes you to send him a Quarto of your Aconite Powders. The horse has derived much benefit to his cough from those previously sent."—The Cedars, South Hall, Middlesex, 25th April, 1888.

* * *

"A Cough that Nothing Else would Relieve."

"These Powders ought to make your fortune. They have cured a very obstinate Cough in a three-year-old which nothing else would relieve."—From W. D. Taylor, Esq., Blaendyffryn, Llandyssil, August, 1883.

* * *

"The Cure Complete."

"After writing to you, Pony's Cough seemed better, and now it has gone. The cure is complete for the second time." —T. W. Disney, The Woodlands, Kingston Hill, Surrey, 22nd July, 1902.

* * *

"I have to thank your Aconite Powders for saving what in all probability would have turned to a Chronic Cough in one of my horses. I had previously tried various medicines and cough balls without any very satisfactory result. Your powders have certainly made a rapid cure, and the mare is as fit as she can possibly be."—From Capt. Scarlett Vale, Mathon, near Malvern, 23rd January, 1890.

* * *

"Only Two Powders."

"I am using your Aconite Powders for a five-year-old mare. She has had a nasty dry cough for 10 or 12 weeks and after taking only two Powders the cough is almost gone. —From Mr. G. Robinson, Woolviston, Stockton-on-Tees, 20th April, 1901.

Defective and Touched Wind.

Harvey's Aconite Powders exercise a powerful influence on horses afflicted with defective wind, giving speedy relief to apparently hopeless cases, renewing life and vigour, and restoring usefulness and comfort.

Horses are being constantly sacrificed—sold for a

trifle frequently, sometimes destroyed—because they are gone in the Wind. Emphatically we desire to state that this is not necessary ; and the use of **Harvey's Aconite Powders** will afford abundant proof that even a broken-winded horse may be made not only serviceable, but reliable and pleasant to work.

Numerous hunters that are touched in the wind take HARVEY'S POWDERS regularly, and are thus kept up to the mark through the entire of the hunting season, that otherwise would be all but useless.

They palliate the diseases called BROKEN WIND, THICK WIND, NOISY RESPIRATION, and other affections of the air Passages and Lungs. They also eradicate Worms, and every horse improves in condition and appearance while taking them.

* * *

"I have an old horse that had a most violent cough, and his wind was so bad he had to stop every few yards, and my friends said he ought to go to the kennels. I have given him two of your ACONITE POWDERS twice a week through the winter, and he is now the fittest horse I have in the stable, and does the most work, often being in the shafts of a big governess cart for five hours a day, driving after hounds. He seems quite sound in his wind, and no cough. I have recommended your Powders to many of my friends, with the same result."—From Vallance Elam, Esq., Little Tew Lodge, Enstone, Oxon., 4th May, 1910.

* * *

"I have tried your Aconite Powders for a horse which I bought the other day with his wind affected. It has been a great success. I am not a believer in 'Cures,' so I am agreeably surprised at the result."—From Rev. Arthur Gainsford, Tangmere Rectory, Chichester, August 18th, 1906.

* * *

"I have been using your Aconite Powders for over two years, and they keep my cob, who, though very fast, is touched in the wind, in excellent order, and I do not have to use them at all frequently."—From H. H. Morrell Mackenzie, Esq. The Ambush, Sonning Eye, Oxon., Sept. 16th, 1905.

* * *

"The Vet. Could do Nothing."

"I found your Aconite Powders effectual. They have cured a horse which the Vet. pronounced touched in the wind, and for which he could do nothing. He is now apparently

as sound as ever he was, and has had no cough this winter." —From Rev. H. White, Brattleby Rectory, Lincoln, 7th April, 1892.

* * *

"A Marvellous Result."

"We have used the Aconite Powders for a heavy draught horse that was troubled with his wind and great heaving of the flanks. We anticipated that we must dispose of him, but after giving the Powders the heaving has entirely disappeared, and he is as good to us as when he cost us one hundred guineas. Whenever we notice a slight heaving, we give him half a powder with his night feed, and he is all right and ready for work in the morning. The use of these Powders on this horse, in our opinion, has been attended with marvellous results."—From Messrs. Dobbie & Co., Contractors to H. M. Government, Old Bridge End, Coal Hill, Leith, 7th June, 1899.

* * *

"Your Aconite Powders have much improved my mare already. Her Cough has disappeared, and her breathing is now quite normal."—From H. W. Maclure, Esq., M.B., B.C. Cantab., M.R.C.S., Brill, Bucks, 12th December, 1903.

* * *

Thick Wind frequently follows a bad attack of Bronchitis, or it may be the result of careless management in feeding and watering. High feeding with scanty exercise will produce it in some horses; while a frequent cause is hard work after taking a horse off grass, or after watering.

TREATMENT.—Feed regularly, and check a gluttonous appetite by limiting both food and drink, giving food often, but sparingly, and water at night only. Do not work the horse for at least an hour after feeding. Give HARVEY'S POWDERS, one every second night, in the last feed, which may be a COLD Bran Mash.

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"I found your Aconite Powders excellent for the horse with Chronic Cough and Thick Wind."—From Major Kennedy, Darwin, Alexandra Road, Farnborough, Hants, 19th October, 1892.

* * *

"The Aconite Powders have had wonderful effects upon my mare with Broken Wind."—From J. V. Hornyold, Esq., D.L., Blackmore Park, Hanley Castle Worcester, 24th April, 1886.

And again, twelve years later, Mr. Hornyold writes :—

"The Aconite Powders are invaluable for any thickening of the wind in horses."—Blackmore Park, Hanley Castle, Worcester, 3rd June, 1898.

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From LADY STUART MENTELL.

"Lady Stuart Mentell finds the Aconite Powders always benefit her horse greatly."—Mansfield House, New Cumnock, Ayrshire, 26th May, 1898.

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"Your Aconite Powders have done wonders for a grey mare thick in her wind. She is almost cured, and as good as ever she was. I never expected such a result."—From Mr. John Walker, Beckermet Mill, via Carnforth, 1st May, 1895.

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"I have now given your Aconite Powders a good trial, and have found them very efficacious in cases of horses suffering from thickening of the wind."—From Francis Fitzherbert, Esq., Swynnerton Park, Stone, Staffs., 6th Jan., 1884.

ROARING and WHISTLING are usually caused by a wasting of the Muscles of the Larynx.

The condition may be a sequel to Influenza, Laryngitis, or Pneumonia, or due to hereditary predisposition.

Animals with long necks and small throats are most commonly affected. The disease is rarely found in small horses or ponies.

The sounds which give the diseases their names are emitted when the horse is violently exercised, as in galloping, or when under the influence of excitement or sudden fear. In bad cases the least exertion produces those unpleasant sounds.

TREATMENT—Use HARVEY'S ACONITE POWDERS as directed, avoid soft food, and give regular work.

* * *

"The effect of the Aconite Powders on the horse I wrote to you about is extraordinary. I rode him a long day's hunting on Friday, and he made hardly any noise. Before you could hear him on the other side of a 15-acre field."—From Capt. F. C. Bryant, R.F.A., R. A. Mess, Ballincollig, Cork, 1st November, 1908.

"A great many years ago I had some Aconite Powders from you which did a great deal of good to a horse I had which made a noise."—From Major G. T. Noel, Temple Guiting, Winchcombe, Glos, October 16th, 1907.

* * *

"I have been treating a 'roaring' mare with your Powders, and find her greatly improved in wind and condition."—From Mr. Kenneth Jewell, C/o Thos. Mitchell, Esq., Howford, Selkirk, May 23rd, 1907.

* * *

"I am using your Aconite Powders with marvellous results upon a hunter that used to 'roar' very much."—C. Scott, Coachman, The Bury Stables, Chesham, Bucks, Nov. 5th, 1906.

* * *

"I bought 10s. 6d. worth of your Aconite Powders about two years ago, as I had a fine mare, but a bad roarer, and had to stop often to get her wind. I had her examined by a Veterinary Surgeon, and he gave me a certificate that the horse was useless. I was advised to try your Powders, gave the mare quarter the 10s. 6d. worth, and now at the present time she has hardly a sign of even blowing, and I may say I would not now part with her for the money I paid for her when I purchased."—From Mr. James W. Jerram, Crown Works, Boundary Road, East Ham, E., London, 6th July, 1904.

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"The Aconite Powders have had a great effect on the mare on which I used them for roaring."—J. M. Fawcett, Lt.-Col., Scaleby Castle, Carlisle, 14th January, 1902.

* * *

"Please send me 10s. 6d. worth of your Aconite Powders. They have done wonders for a horse who used to roar like a bull in harness, and can now trot up a steep hill with a fair load without the least trouble or noise."—From Frederick Platt, Esq., D.L., Barnby Manor, Newark, 2nd February, 1889.

* * *

"I bought a very nice mare lately, and on hunting her the first time found she 'whistled' slightly when galloping. I sent for some of your Aconite Powders, gave her four according to directions, and have not heard anything more of the 'whistling.'"—From Rev. C. L. Kennaway, Garboldisham Rectory, Thetford, Norfolk, Jan. 18th, 1906.

"I have used your Aconite Powders on a 'whistler' with very good results."—From Reginald Rankin, Esq., Ashmead, Dursley, Sept. 11th, 1905.

* * *

"I use your Aconite Powders, and am greatly in love with them for Whistlers."—M. FitzPatrick, Castletown Roche, 11th October, 1902.

BROKEN WIND is an aggravated result of less pronounced disease of the Organs of Respiration, which has been neglected. It is characterised by a peculiar hollow, muffled cough, and heaving of the flanks, caused by the ribs and muscles of the abdomen being used to assist respiration. It is commonest in mares, and its victims are usually gross and greedy feeders, large in the belly, and heavy drinkers.

TREATMENT.—Confirmed Broken Wind is, of course, incurable; but under the influence of HARVEY'S ACONITE POWDERS the distressing symptoms are promptly alleviated, and the horse at once enabled to perform his work with comfort. Attention to feeding, etc., as directed for Thick Wind.

* * *

"The Aconite Powders used for Broken Wind have been a COMPLETE SUCCESS. The horse is quite restored for wo k; so these Powders are in 'reality' what is claimed for them."—From Mr. J. H. Dingle, Lostwithiel, Dec. 3rd, 1906.

* * *

"The Broken-Winded Mare is absolutely sound. She has one Powder a week (or ten days)."—From J. Hubert Laurence, Esq., Ecchinswell, Newbury, Berks, 10th December, 1903.

And writing again on 12th February, 1904, Mr. Laurence adds:—

"The mare that was Broken-Winded is very well and fit, and her wind is as good as most horses with hounds. I find that an Aconite Powder the day before hunting certainly clears the wind."

* * *

"I have been using Aconite Powders for broken-winded horses, and find them most useful."—From C. B. Davies, Esq., Llwyndu, Carmarthen, 3rd November, 1900.

"Hopelessly Broken-Winded."

"Over two years ago you sent me some Aconite Powders and I used them on a horse that was said by many judges to be hopelessly broken-winded, and he was perfectly recovered by them."—From Wm. Cornock, Esq., Aust, Thornbury, R.S.O., Glos., 12th June, 1890.

* * *

"The effect of the Aconite Powders on an old horse that had been condemned as broken-winded has been very good. He hardly heaves at all in his work now, and the cough is much less frequent."—From Lieut.-Col. Davies, The Garth, Monmouth, 6th Dec., 1884.

* * *

"I have used Harvey's Aconite Powders in the United States. I have always found them the best cure for Heaves and broken-winded horses that I have ever used."—Geo. Allan, Ohlsson's Cape Breweries, Newlands, Cape Colony, South Africa, 27th April, 1905.

* * *

"They worked wonders with a broken-winded horse that was almost useless. He gets through a lot of quiet slow work now."—From Edward W. Fowler, Esq., Cleaghmore, Ballinasloe, 29th Oct., 1899.

* * *

"My Bailiff gave up a horse some two months back as so badly broken-winded that it was past work; however, having used them in my private stable formerly, I got him one packet of Aconite Powders. The horse is now at work, coughs much less, and looks fifty per cent. better. He was so bad I propose giving him three more packets."—T. J. Bowles (Col.), Streatley Hill, Reading, Berks, 22nd January, 1902.

* * *

"My old horse (which was condemned as broken-winded by a very experienced Vet.), after a course of these Powders some two years ago, turned out nearly, if not quite, sound, and has only had an occasional cough since."—From Rev. J. H. White, Brockdish Rectory, Norfolk, 7th June, 1893.

* * *

"Some years ago I used your Aconite Powders for a broken-winded horse, with entire success. The animal went on for years, and did a lot of work without suffering."—From Rev. A. C. Tracy, The Manor House, Oulton, Lowestoft, 16th October, 1895.

INFLUENZA (Pink Eye). HARVEY'S ACONITE POWDERS are proving remarkably successful in arresting this peculiar disease, which they do almost instantaneously.

TREATMENT—On the first appearance of the symptoms (which commonly are: Great lassitude and weakness, with fever; failure of appetite, and listless condition), the horse should, if possible, be placed in an airy loose box, and offered a small COLD BRAN MASH, with an Aconite Powder stirred in. If he will not feed, the Powder must be given in gruel as a drench, or as an Electuary made up with Treacle, as in general directions. As a rule, three Powders will entirely arrest the attack, and the horse will be fit to return to work in a week, but it is better to give the six Powders (one small Box), at the rate of three a week, as they act as a tonic and help the horse to regain lost strength.

* * *

From MAJOR-GENERAL MARSHALL.

"The Aconite Powders have proved to be a most valuable medicine. I have used, and am using, them on a horse with a Chronic Cough, with the best results. Another horse, weak from influenza, was made a different animal with a few of these Powders, reviving spirits and energy in a marvellous way."—Broadwater, Godalming.

HUSK or HOOSE is a loud dry cough, to which calves are much subject, and is caused by small worms lodging in the Bronchial tubes, being drunk up as larvæ from stagnant water, and afterwards developed in the throat and windpipe.

TREATMENT.—See directions at close of the chapter.

Hoose in Cattle.

"The Aconite Powders acted all right on the Calves".—From Mr. Robert Nosworthy, Beeson, Stokenham, Kingsbridge, Devon, 8th August, 1897.

* * *

"The Aconite Powders are acting first rate with the Cow."—From Mr. J. E. Whitehead, 16 Leaf Street, Mold Green, Huddersfield, 27th August, 1897.

* * *

"I tried the Powders on two calves that had some throat

affection, with the result that they were almost immediately cured."—From Mr. T. Simpson Jones, Gungrog Hall, Welshpool, 21st October, 1890."

* * *

"A few weeks ago one of my calves had a hoosy cough. I divided one of your Powders into three parts, and mixed one of these every second day in the calf's evening drink. The one Powder effected an entire cure."—From Mr. A. Paterson, Hunstrete, Pensford, Bristol, 19th June, 1884.

For WIND SUCKING Horses HARVEY'S ACONITE POWDERS are recommended by a correspondent of the "Bazaar, Exchange, and Mart."

The following appeared in this paper on 4th Nov., 1892 :—

Wind-Sucking Horses.

"SIR,—My advice to your readers troubled with wind-sucking horses is to try Aconite Powders, offered by Messrs. Harvey & Co., Dublin.

"After a course of the above, a horse of mine (a wind-sucker), was able to do a very large amount of work, which otherwise he could not have done, hence my reason in recommending the Powders."—P.W.T.

A Few Undefined Cases.

From the RIGHT HON. LORD TOLLEMACHE :—

"One of my horses has received much benefit from your Aconite Powders. Kindly send me eight boxes."—Peckforton Castle, Tarporley, Cheshire, 3rd March, 1894.

In "The Stock-keeper and Agriculturists' Text Book," 1893 (Walter Scott, Ltd., London), Mr. Cox, V.S., writes concerning these Powders, under BROKEN WIND, at pages 40, 41 :—

"The Aconite Powders of Messrs. Harvey & Co., of Dublin, are, from personal knowledge, of inestimable value."

* * *

"Wonders."

"The Powders which I had of you last Autumn have done wonders for my mare."—From Rev. John Pickering, Widcombe Vicarage, Ashburton, Devon, 29th February, 1904.

India.

"I am a constant user of your Aconite Powders, and have found them very useful."—Malcolm M. Crawford, Shikarpore, via Bhairamara, E. B. S. Railway, Bengal, June 25th, 1907.

* * *

"Knowing the efficacy of your Aconite Powders, I have recommended them to farmers and others, and they have been more than surprised."—R. Austin, Kilmalogue, Portarlington, July 12th, 1907.

* * *

"Your Aconite Powders were recommended to me, and I amhappy to say they proved effectual."—Patrick Dunn, Ballinamire, Tullamore, July 20th, 1907.

* * *

"They Work Marvels."

"I find your Aconite Powders simply invaluable. I can't speak too highly of them, as I have found them work marvels.

"Having, as I do, horses straight up from grass and rough straw yards, gross and out of condition, I use your Aconite Powders very largely."—From Mr. John West, West Croft, Lower Earley, Reading, 2nd August, 1903.

* * *

"Anything Chronic in Respiratory Organs."

From C. B. E. Wright, Esq., D.L., M.F.H.

"I consider the Aconite Powders the most useful drug in the stable for anything Chronic in the Respiratory Organs."—Bolton Hall, Clitheroe, 29th April, 1885.

* * *

"I am a constant user of your Powders, which I consider the best I ever used."—From Thomas W. Milton, Esq., Kingsworthy, Winchester, Hants, 24th November, 1906.

* * *

"I have used your Aconite Powders with splendid success."—From Mr. Wm. Bowers, 23 Whitfield Street, Hyde Road, Ardwick, Manchester, November 5th, 1906.

* * *

"I have found your Aconite Powders quite satsfactory."—From Colonel Allatt, Thumblands, Farnham, Surrey, 21st December, 1903.

* * *

"Most Efficacious."

"I have tried your Aconite Powders in many cases and invariably found them efficacious."—From T. W. Patterson, Esq., Littlebourne House, Near Dover, 28th March, 1905.

DIRECTIONS FOR USE.

For Cough, &c., in Horses.—Give one Powder every second night, or three in the week. First mix the Powder in

a handful of damp bran or oatmeal, and then with the usual feed. The medicine being tasteless, any horse will eat it with his food. Give water at night only, and CLEAN, FRESH OATEN STRAW FOR FORAGE instead of HAY. Horses with defective wind should not have water during working hours, but at night may have as much as they require. Where good straw is not procurable, give a reduced quantity of best hay, and increase the oats proportionately.

Almost without exception, horses will take these Powders mixed in the ordinary feed; but if an animal should refuse it, the Powder may be blended in a little treacle, and this smeared upon the back of the tongue, and on the teeth, with a smooth, flat piece of wood or bone. This method is preferable to making up the Powder into a ball, or giving it mixed in gruel as a drench.

FOR CATTLE.—Cows and Calves that take Hoose or Cough are cured with this medicine.

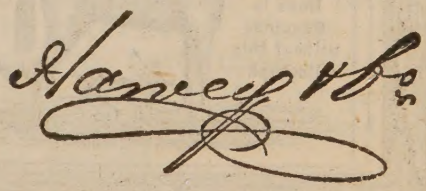
First give the Cow a pound of Epsom Salts in a quart of warm water, but put no ginger or other stimulant in the drench; upon every second day after give one of HARVEY'S POWDERS mixed in a cold mash.

☞ Any feed of corn or mash in which this medicine is mixed, that has been left by a horse, must be put out of the way of PIGS or POULTRY.

FOOD MUST BE COLD BEFORE MIXING.

For horses infested with worms only, use HARVEY'S WORM AND CONDITION POWDERS (see page 54). These are specially prepared for the purpose.

CAUTION.—See that the Wrapper on each Package bears our Signature as below, for without it none is genuine.



Price 2/8 Per Box of Six Powders; 10/6 per Quarto of Four Boxes.

Where and how to procure the Remedies.

See pages 92 and 96.

"Mark his condition."—*Tempest*, Act I., Sc. 2.

"That doth renew swifter than blood decays."—*Troilus and Cressida*, Act III., Sc. 2.

PART IV.

Worms and Condition.

HARVEY'S

Eradicating Worm and Condition Powders FOR HORSES.

Boxes containing 15 Powders and a Purging Ball, **3s. 9d.** each, or without Ball, **3s.** each.

Special Boxes of 15 Powders, sufficient for Two Yearlings or Three Foals, **3s.** each.

This engraving represents a reduced facsimile of a Box of HARVEY'S Worm and Condition Powders, as they are made up for sale.

HARVEY'S ERADICATING WORM AND CONDITION POWDERS are a happy and successful combination of a valuable tonic, with an effective Worm Medicine, harmless to the horse, but deadly to worms. The success of this combination may be explained in a sentence or two.

Broadly considered, low condition in well-fed and well-groomed horses is due to disorder of the digestive organs, or to the presence of worms. Very frequently, too, worms are a cause of impaired digestion. Indeed, the two troubles, ill-condition and worms, are largely dependent upon each other.

The wise owner, or the groom who knows his business, will never allow himself to think that medicine will make up for the deficiencies of stable management. The uses of medicine are to restore functions which have become inactive, or to cause the excretion of material which hinders the healthy operation of the organs, but which these organs are not sufficiently active to cast off unaided. It is indeed only too possible to obtain the latter object alone by the use of severe and improper drugs, and to leave the disordered organs not only unimproved, but positively weaker and less able to fulfil their natural functions than before. A speedy effect is desired, and a single dose of a drastic medicine will often produce it by bringing away a number of worms, and it is supposed that such a result is highly satisfactory. It is of the utmost importance, therefore, that Horse-Owners should know that, on the contrary, such treatment is almost invariably mischievous, and to be utterly avoided.

In Spring and Autumn horses are peculiarly subject to depressing conditions ; for at these seasons all life, both animal and vegetable, is undergoing its most trying changes, and special care is needed in order to counterbalance the exhausting forces of Nature's renewal in the Spring, and her decline in the Autumn. We recommend that a course of HARVEY'S WORM AND CONDITION POWDERS be given at both these seasons. The effect is excellent, for these Powders do not give a mere temporary fillip, but build up the horse's constitution, and repel the inroads of disease.

WORK IS NOT INTERFERED WITH.

Horses are not laid up while taking HARVEY'S WORM AND CONDITION POWDERS. Work is not interfered with in any way, and no alteration in feeding is necessary, excepting the usual preparation and rest when the Physic Ball or Powder is given at the end of the course of Powders. See directions for use, page 60.

Worms.

Worms of different kinds infest horses. They may occupy the entire length of the alimentary canal—the gut through which food passes.

SYMPTOMS.—The symptoms of worms are :—A staring coat, poverty of appearance ; unthrifty, dejected demeanour ; voracious appetite frequently ; sometimes a dry cough, and a yellow powder under the tail. They induce indigestion, irritable bowels, unhealthy-looking, light-coloured droppings, colicky pains, and even enteritis (inflammation of the bowels), and locked jaw.

Varieties—The ASCARIDES are the commonest ; they are usually from six to twelve inches long, tapering towards both extremities, and of a yellowish white colour. They breed at all times of the year, and often when one brood is destroyed another succeeds.

MAW WORMS are thread-like ; they mostly inhabit the Stomach, and cause less disturbance than the Ascarides.

BOTS.—The BOT is the most stubborn of parasites. If there is any remedy capable of being used for his certain destruction it has yet to be discovered ; for, as a general rule, anything likely to dislodge the Bot cannot be administered with safety to the horse. The Bot is, therefore, very largely master of his position, and, usually, will take his own time to vacate it. The eggs of the Bot-fly are deposited in the long hair of the horse's legs, shoulders, &c., licked up, and conveyed to the stomach, where they are hatched. They adhere to the lining until the succeeding summer, when they are naturally voided with the dung, in order to pass through the chrysalis stage to the full-fledged fly, ready to commence operations once more.

TAPE WORMS are not very common in the horse, and do not, as a rule, cause much trouble.

OTHER PARASITES which infest the alimentary tract of the horse, impair his health, and prevent him from thriving, are :—Strongyles, Schlerostomes, Oxyurides, or Whip Worms, etc.

The Whip Worms are more irritating than injurious. They adhere to the rectum, causing great irritation and consequent rubbing of the tail, and excitable horses sometimes develop

the habit of kicking owing to such irritation. These worms are best cleared out by giving enemas. A solution of common salt in warm water makes a suitable enema for this purpose. Before giving the enema empty the rectum by hand-raking.

No horse infested with worms can thrive, no matter how well he may be fed, as these parasites live by and consume the nutritive parts of all the animal eats.

CAUTION—In treating for Worms it is a mistake to suppose that a single draught is sufficient to eradicate pests which line a gut nearly forty yards in length. Such a dose may, indeed, produce amazing results, and bring away a quantity of worms, but no permanent beneficial result is obtained, and the horse's digestive organs are undoubtedly weakened by such drastic measures, and his intestines thereby made a more secure harbour for the worms than before.

Common, but Ineffectual Remedies.

LINSEED OIL (if pure), though sometimes a good laxative, is absolutely useless as a worm medicine.

TURPENTINE is not always safe to administer and is uncertain in its effects. Some worms may be kept alive in Oil of Turpentine for many days.

CALOMEL is a dangerous medicine, and in unskilled hands may easily prove fatal in its effects. Numerous instances are on record of horses being killed by mercurial purges, and consequently Calomel is now rarely prescribed for worms.

HARVEY'S WORM AND CONDITION POWDERS touch at once the secret of successful treatment for Worms in Horses. They are a Compound Medicine which, while destructive to Worms, are for the horse an invigorating tonic, restoring the disordered functions of the digestive apparatus to renewed activity, and thus enabling the natural forces to throw off the abnormal nidus which makes the presence of the worms possible.

MR. W. GUY STEVENS, the famous Trainer, has expressed the thought of the most experienced Horse-

Owners when he states that "HARVEY'S WORM AND CONDITION POWDERS are the Best Worm Powders for Horses in existence." (See page 65.)

These Powders are not in composition or effect allied to commonly accepted nostrums for the eradication of Worms, such as Mercury (Calomel) and Antimony, of which they contain no trace. They are a valuable Anthelmintic, which a horse will never refuse to take with his ordinary feed, so that no drenching is necessary. THEY DO NOT INTERFERE WITH HIS WORK; but when the course of Powders is finished and the Patent Physic Ball administered, he must be rested while the Physic is acting.

By HARVEY'S system the medicine is divided into fifteen daily portions in three different strengths. These gradually increase in medicinal force, and being mixed with the morning feed of corn, when the worms as well as the horse are hungry, the parasites eagerly devour the food, to their own destruction, as it passes, impregnated as it is with the medicine.

The excellence of these Worm Powders, and their superiority to the nauseating drenches so often administered to serve the same purpose, is now freely admitted.

THE PHYSIC BALL. In order to destroy the sperm or spawn left by the worms, it is advisable to administer a purge on the day after the last powder is given, to prevent the formation of a fresh brood. The horse should, therefore, have sloppy mashes the previous day or two and in the morning give the Ball, or an Edos Purging Powder, before feeding.

The beautifully finished PHYSIC BALLS, as put up with the 3/9 Box of HARVEY'S WORM AND CONDITION POWDERS, retain their properties unimpaired for many years, their softness and elasticity being practically undiminished by age. These may

be obtained separately, if required, in the three standard strengths, viz., 5, 6, & 7 Drachm, price 9d. each.

If the outer covering becomes spotted, or even mouldy, the Ball should be merely rubbed with a dry cloth. The properties of the physic are not in any way affected by such discolouration.

HORSES OUT AT GRASS, undergoing treatment with the Worm and Condition Powders, ought to be in the house at night, so that the Powder may be given in the first morning feed, which may be a little Oats and Bran.

"Special" Boxes for Foals and Yearlings.

These Powders are most successful for young animals affected with worms. When specially ordered, we put up Boxes containing eight No. 1 and seven No. 2 Powders, No. 3 being omitted altogether. The dose is from one-third to one-half of each Powder, according to age, so that one "Special" Box, costing **3/-**, will be sufficient for two Yearlings, or three Foals.—SEE DIRECTIONS.

For Conditioning Horses

HARVEY'S WORM AND CONDITION POWDERS stimulate the gastric secretion in a remarkable degree, so that horses always improve in condition while taking them. They contain no mercurial ingredient (which subjects horses to take cold), and they are a superb alterative. They purify the blood, give new strength and vigour to the horse, and add a fine gloss to his coat.

Numbers of valuable horses are ruined by the administration of unsuitable and injurious drugs, which may give the horse a good appearance for the time, but debilitate and waste his condition when the temporary fillip has subsided.

HARVEY'S WORM AND CONDITION POWDERS may be safely given to horses at any time of the year, but the highest advantage will be obtained by giving a course of the Powders regularly twice a year—in Spring and Autumn. Not only will they promote and maintain a healthy tone and vigorous constitution, but they will impart that sleekness of coat and upright carriage which makes a horse so beautiful in his usefulness, and the absence of which detracts from the appearance and general "go" of the best horses.

Hunters and other Horses, when taken up, after running out at grass, should invariably have a course of HARVEY'S WORM AND CONDITION POWDERS, as they are practically certain to be affected with worms, the eggs being sucked up in the drinking water, or taken in with the grass. These eggs very rapidly hatch out into worms, which thrive and multiply at the expense of the horse.

Horses sent up for exhibition have their chances of taking prizes or obtaining purchasers greatly enhanced by the use of the full course, commenced a fortnight previously.

DIRECTIONS FOR USE.

The Powders are of three strengths, marked 1, 2, and 3, and are fifteen in number. These are given in succession, one every morning, commencing with No. 1; when these six are done, go on with No. 2, and finish with the three marked No. 3. Mix a Powder in a handful of damp bran, and add to the MORNING Feed of Corn; if soft food is given, the mixing with bran is unnecessary, but the medicine should always be given in the morning, and an hour before watering the horse.

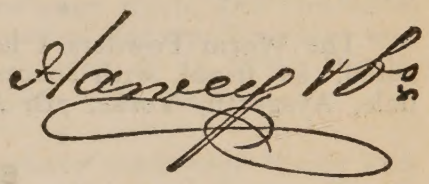
Upon the day the last Powder has been taken, give the horse bran mashes instead of corn, and next morning administer the Physic Ball. The use of the Physic is to expel the sperm or spawn of the worms, and prevent the formation of a fresh brood.

The Powders are the full strength for horses over TWO years old; half the dose of No. 1 and 2 is sufficient for a

yearling, No. 3 being omitted altogether, and instead of the purging ball give HALF of a No. 7 EDOS PURGING POWDER, or half a pint of Linseed Oil.

IN-FOAL MARES.—It is quite safe to give these powders to in-foal mares, but great caution should be observed in administering purgatives to animals in this condition.

CAUTION.—See that the Wrapper enclosing each Box bears our signature as below, without which none is genuine.



Price per Box of 15 Powders, 3/-; or with Harvey's Physic Ball, 3/9,

Where and how to procure the Remedies.

(See pages 92 and 96.)

INSTRUCTIVE TESTIMONY.

(ENTIRELY UNSOLICITED).

"My horse has just finished a box of your Worm and Condition Powders with splendid effect."—From John Handley, Esq., Morton House, Masham, York, 26th November, 1908.

* * *

"The Worm Powders I had from you about a year ago acted, as usual, with success."—From Col. Lodge, Bishopdale, Aysgarth, Yorks, 7th April, 1909.

* * *

Bots.

"I gave one of my horses a box of your Worm Powders, followed by the Ball for Bot Worms. The Powders enabled him to throw off a tremendous lot of these pests, and the horse looks considerably better, especially in his coat."—From H. J. Finn, Esq., Phoenix Brewery, Newbury, May 15th, 1909.

Canada.

"I wish sent four courses Worm and Condition Powders by return of Post. After using them last year I would never be without them, as there is nothing in this country to approach them."—From Hubert Stapelton, Esq., Calverley Farm, nr. Battleford, Saskatchewan, Canada, Oct. 31st, 1906.

And again,

From East and West.

"I have used your Worm and Condition Powders, both in Canada and South Africa, and find them most effectual. They are the best thing I know of for using in Spring and Autumn for horses."—From Hubert Stapleton, Esq., The Home Farm, Highworth, Wilts, 18th April, 1910.

India.

"Your Condition Powders are the best I have ever used. I recommend them to all my friends."—From Lieut. J. C. H.

Holliday, 122nd Rajputana Inf., Ahmedahad, India, 1st July, 1909.

"I have successfully used your Worm and Condition Powders."—From A. Ibbotson, Q. M. Sergt., 19th Battery R.F.A., Lucknow, U.P., India, August 6th, 1906.

South Africa.

For Yearlings.

"I have recently used some of your Worm and Condition Powders, and the effects the Powders had on Yearlings was most satisfactory."—From Mr. J. Uys, P. O. Water Kloof, Heidelberg, C.C., South Africa, Jan. 16th, 1907.

* * *

"Several men in this district have used your Worm and Condition Powders for horses, and while at the District Headquarters I was recommended to try a box, which I have done. They completely cured my horse of worms. Your Powders are spoken very highly of in this district."—From Mr. J. Barnes, Natal Mounted Police, Insuzi, Upper Tongaat, Natal, Feb. 23rd, 1906.

* * *

"I have used your Worm and Condition Powders, and found them most successful."—From J. Washbourn Webber, Esq., Athenæum Club, Johannesburg, 19th Oct., 1908.

* * *

"I have used your Worm and Condition Powders, and I find them excellent for worms, and for getting a horse into a beautiful condition; in fact, everybody here that uses them speaks very highly of them."—From Mr. H. C. Thurnau, Mount Fletcher, East Griqualand, Cape Colony, 9th June, 1910.

* * *

"The Best Results."

"Last year I bought a young horse in poor condition, but your Condition Powders brought about the best of results."—From Rev. W. S. Gardner, Melling Vicarage, Liverpool, 15th April, 1910.

* * *

"I should be glad to have a copy of your Book to give away to a friend. I find your Worm Powders still give unprecedented satisfaction to all I recommend them to."—From T. Erskine Bavlis (Major), Ingleglen, Farnham Royal, R.S.O., Bucks, 15th February, 1902.

"I purchased a box of your Worm and Condition Powders from a local Chemist for a horse six years of age, which I believe was infested with worms all his life, and having tried all other remedies. I never saw such a remarkable change in so short a time as your powders have made."—John Clegg, White Hill Grange, Millisle, Co. Down, March 17th, 1906.

* * *

"The course of Worm and Condition Powders and Edos have done my horse much good. He had been ailing since November, and a Vet. and a Farrier had doctored him, with no good result. I only regret I did not send for your medicine sooner."—From Mrs. Douglass Jones, Nantyrhogtaen, Llandovery, S. Wales, Feb. 26th, 1907.

* * *

"I have used your Condition Powders for years, and I find them a wonderful tonic for hunters."—George Flack, Hazelmere Park Stables, High Wycombe, Bucks, Oct. 20th, 1906.

* * *

For Big Horses.

"The Worm and Condition Powders I have always found most successful with big horses."—N. Kedward, Coachman Stodham Park, East Liss, Hants., Oct. 28th, 1905.

* * *

"A Skeleton."

"I have a three-year-old colt that was reduced to a skeleton from no apparent reason. I gave him one box of your Worm and Condition Powders, and he now looks as well as possible. The change in three weeks was quite wonderful. He was out all day, and taken in at night; being turned out again an hour after getting the Powder in the morning."—From A. W. Montgomery-Campbell, Esq., B. A., J.P., Bennington Park, Stevenage, 11th June, 1901.

* * *

The Doctor's Plan.—Worthy of Imitation.

"Please forward by return Four Boxes of your Worm and Condition Powders. My horses have them regularly every Spring and Autumn, and never know a day's sickness."—From James D. Farquharson, Esq., M.D., 242 Westgate Road, Newcastle-on-Tyne, 14th February, 1895.

* * *

From COUNT DE MOREL.

"Count de Morel would feel much obliged if Messrs. Harvey would send him a box of their Worm and Condition Powders. Count de Morel had some last year, and they proved most satisfactory."—Lidney, Plympton, Devon, 21st October, 1891

"I am glad to tell you that the change effected in a horse I wrote about, by the Condition Powders, is simply marvellous. He was hunting yesterday, and my friends did not know him."—From H. R. Vereker, Esq., ex-M.H., Bridgemount, Ballyglass, Co. Mayo, 28th December, 1884.

* * *

"I should like you to know what a good effect your Worm and Condition Powders had on a horse of ours that had worms. He was gone quite thin, and almost unable to carry himself along. I gave him a packet of your Worm Powders, with the result that the worms disappeared, and the horse is now doing well and back into condition again."—E. H. Owen, Coachman, Cyfronydd Hall, Welshpool, N. Wales, Nov. 9th, 1906.

* * *

"G. S. L," writing in "The Sporting Life" of 16th January, 1896, says :—

"W. G. Stevens, the famous trainer, with the reputation, too, of being very deeply skilled in the Veterinary science, tells me that the best Worm Powders for horses in existence are those procured at Messrs. Harvey & Company's, Dublin, and this is his conviction after repeated trials with other remedies."

* * *

For Foals and Yearlings.

"I have tried your 'Special' Worm Powders for my Foals, and I think they have cleared them."—From C. Kelway-Bamber, Esq., Westminster Chambers, 9 Victoria Street, S.W., 3rd November, 1902.

* * *

"Please forward as soon as possible one Box of Worm and Condition Powders for Foals, as the last gave great satisfaction."—J. Lovell, Coachman, Belton Stables, Dunbar, East Lothian, 18th January, 1902.

* * *

"I thank you for your most prompt reply recommending your noted 'Harvey's Worm and Condition Powders,' and I am pleased to say the Powders have had the desired effect, and brought away some little white worms, also a long tape worm. The foal is now a different animal, and it's by 'Pinderfield Horace,' and is a very valuable foal, so I feel delighted with your powders, and shall have much pleasure in singing their praises."—From Arthur H. Sanby, Esq., Ivanhoe, St. Agnes Road, Moseley, Birmingham, January 27th, 1908.

"I am pleased to add my testimony to the efficacy of your Worm Powders. They have been entirely successful in eradicating worms from the two yearlings about which I consulted you."—From J. S. H. Fullerton, Esq., J.P., D.L., Noblethorpe, Barnsley, September 6th, 1906.

* * *

"The Worm Medicine which you sent me a short time back has done our young horses so much good that I should like to treat another horse the same way. Please send me a course." From R. Frazer, Esq., J.P., Midhurst, Sussex, 17th February, 1893.

* * *

"For foals they have answered well. Send me sufficient for six foals now."—From E. Auckland, Esq., St. George's Terrace, Doncaster, 23rd November, 1895.

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"Send me two more boxes of Worm Powders. The last we have tried on some thoroughbred yearlings, with success." —From Chas. Bevill, Esq., 34 Ventnor Villas, Brighton, 17th October, 1888.

* * *

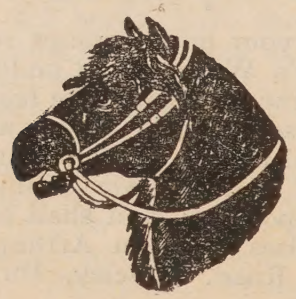
"Full of Life."

"The two yearlings have derived great benefit from your Powders. They were very dull and spiritless, but now they are as full of life as I wish to see them."—From Mr. Thomas Andrews, Farlington, Easingwold, 3rd May, 1892.

Prices: Per Box of 15 Powders and Physic Ball, 3/9; or without the Ball, 3/-,

Where and how to procure the Remedies.

See pages 92 and 96.



"Rob it of Taste."—*Merchant of Venice*, Act 2, Sc.

PART V.

PURGATION.

EDOS,

THE TASTELESS PURGING POWDER,

For Horses, Cattle and Dogs.

IN THREE STRENGTHS,

Namely:—5, 6, and 7, respectively equivalent to a 5, 6, or 7 dram ball of Aloes, **9d.** each, either strength.

The above Engraving represents a reduced fac-simile of a Package of Edos as made up for sale.

TO Physic horses difficult to "Ball" THE EDOS TASTELESS PURGING POWDERS are to Horse-Owners a priceless boon, and for general use they

possess many advantages over the ordinary Physic Balls.

EDOS is tasteless in cold Mash;

Is readily eaten;

Does not sicken or gripe the horse;

It is more thorough in its operation than aloes;

It is soluble in fluids, and easily given in gruel from a bottle to an animal that will not feed;

It is an universal purgative, and operates on all animals, from a lap-dog to an elephant.

So numerous are the ailments in which Purgation is necessary that we cannot discuss them all here.

After a run at grass it is safe and advisable to gently purge a horse, in order to tone down the system, which inclines to grossness, on the soft and unlimited food, two or three mild purges at intervals of a week being recommended by some.

Judicious purging does much to ward off disease and help to remove it, but the haphazard or indiscriminate use of purgative medicines is unwise. It must be remembered that purging weakens a STRONG horse, and makes a WEAK horse very much weaker; it may, therefore, be taken as a safe general rule that a sickly animal should not have purgatives, the tendency being to induce super-purgation in a debilitated constitution. Whenever there is a tendency to heat or swelling in the limbs or body; in Laminitis; in watery diseases; in Lymphangitis or Weed; in disorders of the liver; in Lampas; in diseases of the head and eyes—purgation is useful, and often necessary.

The EDOS PURGING POWDERS are a handy and convenient medicine, eaten in cold mash, and producing permanently favourable results. They carry off accumulations of undigested matter, the presence of which interferes with the proper action of the digestive organs; they purify the blood, and stimulate the healthy action of the liver and other organs.

Preparation.

Before giving an Edos Powder to a horse he should have 24 to 48 hours' preparation ; that is to say, solid foods should be stopped, and thin bran mashes given instead. Treated in this preparatory way, a small dose of **Edos** is always enough for a healthy animal.

When Mash containing the medicine is left by a horse, and sufficient has not been taken to cause purgation, it will act as an alterative, and remove Surfeit, Lampas, Farcy, Swellings, Heat in feet and legs, &c.

After.

Water with the chill taken off, or tepid water, if he will take it, may be freely given after the Edos ; and warm Bran mashes for feeding, with a little hay, until the physic has ceased to operate.

Cattle, Dogs and Pigs.

For Cows **Edos** is a brisk and valuable purgative. In Constipation or Impaction of the Bowels (Murrain) it may be repeated every six or eight hours. In Red Water it is almost a specific.

For Dogs **Edos** is a superb purgative, and acts far better than any of the usual canine purgatives. The quantity required to purge a dog is so small that no difficulty is experienced in administering it, for the dog will eat it readily when mixed with his food. The cost is trifling, as one Powder, No. 5, costing ninepence, will physic five pointers (or other dogs of like size) or ten lapdogs.

For Pigs it is most efficient ,acting thoroughly and rapidly—a great consideration—for brisk Purgation is most essential in all diseases of Pigs.

DIRECTIONS.

For Horses.—Mix powder in a handful of bran or oatmeal, and then with a cold* mash. The horse should

* A Bran Mash should be made with boiling water, but medicine must never be mixed in it till it is stone cold—otherwise a horse, unless he is an absolute glutton, will not eat it. Water should be offered after the mash has been taken, in order to wash down any of the medicine that may adhere to a horse's lips, and cause saliva to flow from the mouth—but which does no harm.

have a sloppy mash the night before. Give the medicine in the morning always—his drink chilled in winter, an hour after. Leave water always before the horse, that he may drink as he pleases. EDOS is soluble in fluids, and easily given in gruel from a bottle to any animal that will not feed. Mash containing the medicine may be given in handfuls occasionally in other food.

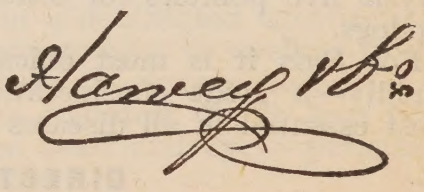
*** In giving EDOS to a horse for the FIRST time, begin with a No. 5 Powder, or give ONE-HALF ONLY of a No. 7 (which will sometimes be found sufficient to purge a horse); by this means you will ascertain the strength required to operate in future; as with this and other physic, some horses require a larger dose than others.

FOR COWS EDOS is a brisk and valuable purgative. Dissolve half-a-pound of Epsom Salts in three pints of hot water, and stir in a No. 7 Powder, which is equal to 7 drachms of Aloes. In constipation or impaction of the bowels (Murrain) it may be repeated every six or eight hours. In **Red Water** it is almost a specific.

FOR DOGS.—One Powder, No. 5, is sufficient to physic five dogs, pointer size. Mix in the food for five, and divide after for each dog. The tenth part of a No. 5 is the dose for a lap-dog, and may be given on a piece of raw meat. Fast the dog for ten or twelve hours before giving the medicine.

FOR PIGS.—It is most valuable—purgation being essential in all diseases of pigs. The dose is the same as for dogs.

CAUTION.—See that the envelope enclosing each Powder bears our Signature as below, for without it none is genuine.



Price 9d. per Packet, or 9/- per dozen, in either strength.

Where and how to procure the Remedies.

See pages 92 and 96.

Proofs and Opinions of the Value of Edos.

(These Letters are entirely Unsolicited.)

"The No. 5 Edos I received from you a week ago has been most satisfactory on my mare."—From E. C. Bourke, Esq., Leugh, Thurles, 22nd December, 1909.

* * *

"Mr. Moran is very pleased with the effect the Edos Powders had on his horse, and wishes to have two more No. 7."—Listesson, The Pigeons, Athlone, 30th December, 1908.

* * *

"The Edos Powder I am greatly pleased with."—A. Ancketell, Lough Cowie, Portaferry, County Down, November 1st, 1907.

* * *

"I find the Edos Purging Powder you sent me very good for a young horse."—Matthew Gavagan, Killarvoe, Streamstown, Co. Westmeath, December 31st, 1907.

* * *

"I have used the Aconite Powders for Cough in horses, and the Edos Purging Powders, for over three years, and I find nothing better or safer."—S. Thompson, Coachman, Welton Manor, Welton, Brough, E. Yorks., Oct. 20th, 1906.

* * *

"I have used some of your Edos Purging Powders, and I can say I never got better."—James Dowd, Cloonislane, nr. Ballina, Co. Mayo, Oct. 13th, 1905.

* * *

"I find your Edos Powders most effective."—Arthur B. Thompson, Jobmaster and Dealer in Horses, The Stables, Grenfell Road, Maidenhead, 4th October, 1904.

FARCY.

"I must tell you that the Edos cured my horse that I told you had a farcy. It looked like Water Farcy to me. It took more time than I expected."—From Mr. John Murphy, Smith, Blackwater, Co. Wexford, 24th January, 1905.

* * *

Do not Spoil by Keeping.

"I have a great opinion of your remedies. The other day my Bailiff had a valuable cart horse with Colic and Grease, and found he was out of all purgative medicine except one of your No. 6 Edos Powders AT LEAST FIVE YEARS OLD. However, it did all he wanted to do."—T. J. Bowles, Col., Streatley Hills, Reading, Berks, 22nd January, 1902.

* * *

"Please send me two Edos No. 6 Purging Powders at once. They are most effectual."—From A. O. Fisher, Esq., Mickleham, Dorking, Surrey, 23rd September, 1901.

* * *

"The Edos Powders were satisfactory in every way."—Frederick Smith, Coachman, Whittington House Stables, Chesterfield, 27th May, 1903.

* * *

"I find the Edos Purging Powders most beneficial and much less troublesome than 'Balling' horses.—From George Langley, Esq., D.L., J.P., Coalbrook, Thurles, Co. Tipperary, 22nd September, 1898.

* * *

"The Edos Powders, ordered from you a week ago, have been most satisfactory."—From Miss C. H. Beadon, Emmett's Grange, South Molton, N. Devon, 15th September, 1899.

* * *

"Please send me two No. 5 Edos Purging Powders. I find them most convenient, and horses put up flesh very quickly after using them."—From Capt. Mountiford Westropp, R.A., Melton, Kildimo, Co. Limerick, 7th November, 1888.

* * *

For Dogs.

"The No. 5 Edos Powder which you sent me for my dog I found useful."—From J. W. Sneyd, Esq., D.L., J.P., Basford Hall, Leek, Staffordshire, 25th August, 1895.

* * *

"Please send me another Edos Powder. The last had such a good effect on a pointer dog I used it on, it is worth having."—From F. N. Studdert, Esq., Moy, Lahinch, County Clare, 16th February, 1886.

For Pigs.

Writing on the 7th March, 1892, Captain Beamish says :—

"Within the last couple of days I believe the Edos has been the means of saving the lives of a couple of valuable pigs. My man and I acted promptly and 'heroically,' with the result that the pigs are not likely to need 'curing' again until their time comes."—The Lodge, Inniscrone, Ballina, Co. Mayo.

* * *

"Please send me one dozen Edos No. 7. I find these Powders invaluable for pigs."—From Wilfrid F. Tempest, Esq., J.P., Ackworth Grange, Pontefract, Yorkshire, 24th March, 1895.

Nos. 5, 6 and 7; Price 9d, per Packet, or 9s. per Dozen, in either strength.

Where and how to procure the Remedies.

See pages 92 and 96.

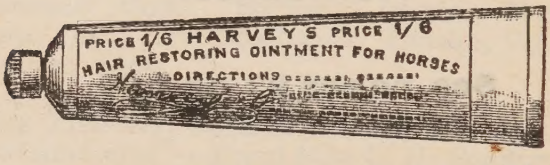
PART VI.

HARVEY'S

Hair Restoring Ointment. . .

For reproducing Hair on Horses and other Animals.

In Collapsible Tubes, 1s. 6d. each.



The above Engraving represents a reduced fac-simile of a Collapsible Tube of Harvey's Hair Restoring Ointment, as it is made up for sale.

THIS is a capital preparation for promoting and stimulating the growth of hair where it has been removed by scrapes, cuts, bruises, saddle-galls, harness-chafes, blister marks, broken knees, etc., and it expedites the healing of the wound.

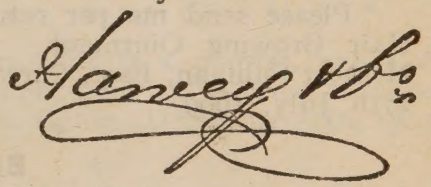
If the roots have not been destroyed the hair will begin to appear in six or eight days after using the Ointment ; but it must be borne in mind that if the roots are destroyed, this Preparation (or any other) will not reproduce hair.

Broken Knees.

To make a clean and effectual cure, the knees should be well washed with cold water to cleanse any dust or foreign substance from the wound, and if the injury is deep one or two poultices of Linseed Meal should be first applied. The Red Lotion (see page 31) should then be used by saturating a sponge with it, and gently pressing it against the knee above the wound, so as to let it flow over the injured surface in a smooth stream. It will be easier to do this effectually if one person holds the foot extended forward, while another applies the Lotion. This is to be repeated two or three times a day until the healing process is thoroughly completed. The Ointment is then to be applied, and in a very short time no trace whatever of the injury will remain.

About the size of a pea, rubbed to a surface of two square inches, will be sufficient every second day, if the skin is not broken. The hair will begin to appear about the sixth day.

CAUTION.—See that each Tube has our Signature as below distinctly engraved on the yellow enamelled ground.



Price 1s. 6d. per Tube.

Harvey's Hair Restorer (Human).

HARVEY'S HAIR RESTORER

For HUMAN USE.

See Inside Cover facing last page.

Where and how to procure the Remedies.

See pages 92 and 96.

Testimony.

"My horse recently had the misfortune to fall and rubbed the hair from one knee about the size of a 5s. piece. I was fortunate enough to hear of your Hair Restoring Ointment, and procured two Tubes. Before I had used a half tube, hair had covered the entire blemish, and this in a week's time.

"I have never, in a long experience, known anything to come near your Remedy in speedy efficacy, and shall always keep a Tube in my stable."—From Rev. W. H. F. Wayne, St. Mawgan Rectory, St. Columb, Cornwall, March 23rd, 1909.

* * *

"I have found your Hair Restorer very successful with my mare in a case of badly cut knees."—From Major Finch White, Stanstead Rectory, Slinsfold, Suffolk, 18th November, 1909.

* * *

"Please send me per return post another Tube of your Hair Growing Ointment. It is excellent stuff."—From Herbert Sullivan, Esq., Curramore, Broadford, Co. Limerick, 27th July, 1909.

* * *

Burns.

"I applied your Hair Restoring Ointment to a VERY BAD BURN on my cob's flank, caused by the Naphtha running over her whilst being singed. The injured places were so bad—two of them quite raw—I did not think even your Hair Restorer would bring out the hair, but I rubbed it in myself every second day for about a fortnight, with the result that now there is no scar to be seen, and the hair has grown out splendidly. I consider it a most wonderful Ointment."—From Miss Audrey Chapman, Tainfield, Taunton, Somerset, April, 17th, 1907.

* * *

"A Marvel."

"The Hair Restorer is a marvel, as in eight days a bare patch was covered well with hair."—From Mr. J. H. Iliffe, 7 and 9 Filbert Street, Leicester, 24th April, 1901.

* * *

"Your Hair Restoring Ointment is the best I ever used.

I applied it to a horse with a very bad 'rat-tail,' and after only one Tube he had a very fine tail, which surprised us all." —From Mr. Frank Penny, Coachman to Mrs. Irving, Pelling Place, Old Windsor, Berks, 31st August, 1899.

* * *

"The Hair Restoring Ointment you sent me some time ago has done wonders to the horse's tail to which I applied it."—From Col. C. Ichabod Wright, Watcombe Park, Torquay, 27th November, 1895.

* * *

"Having had over twenty-five years' experience of HARVEY'S HAIR RESTORER, I can positively say that no other Preparation can excel it in producing hair on the horse's skin, which it will do in less than a week. It is also a healing Salve." —From C. Lewis, M.D., Market Hill, Co. Armagh, 1st November, 1875.

* * *

"Your Hair Restoring Ointment quite cured the back of one of my horses where the saddle had taken off all the hair." —From Arthur E. Etches, Esq., Fair View, Kingswood, Wotton-under-Edge, Glos., 12th August, 1895.

* * *

"Your Hair Restoring Ointment is a marvel, and Col. Casson is constantly recommending it."—From Colonel Casson, Conford Park, Liphook, Hants., December 11th, 1905.

* * *

"The Exact Colour."

"Your Hair Restorer is matchless. I have used it upon a very bad back on a Colt, and was greatly surprised to find the rapid growth of hair, and more so to come the exact colour."—From the Coachman to Sydney Conrad Peters, Esq., Summer Hill, Lindfield, nr. Haywards Heath, 21st November, 1903.

* * *

"Your Hair Restoring Ointment was used on a black colt for Broken Knees, and the knees are now healed and without a white hair."—From M.-General Beadle, R.E., Norton Grange, Devizes, Wilts, 23rd September, 1891.

* * *

"Please send me four Tubes of your Hair Producing Ointment. I may say that the last lot has started a fine growth of

hair on a colt's tail, which previously had none—he having rubbed it all off."—From Frank Bassano, Esq., Haden Cross, Old Hill, Staffs., 28th January, 1895.

* * *

After Twelve Months.

"The hair is coming on my horse's hock since using your Hair Ointment. Twelve months ago I blistered for Curb, and could not find any sign of hair coming before I used the Ointment."—From Mr. S. Bertles, 127, Bewsey Road, Warrington, 25th September, 1894.

Price 1s. 6d. per Tube.

Where and how to procure the Remedies.

See pages 92 and 96.

Harvey's Hair Restorer (Human).

HARVEY'S HAIR RESTORER

For HUMAN USE,

See Inside Cover facing last page.

PART VII.

Harvey's "Koppos" Powder

For the treatment of LYMPHANGITIS or WEED, "Monday Morning Disease," "Big Leg," "Water Farcy," Strangles, Laminitis, Puffy Legs, Mud Fever, Skin Eruptions, and Feverish or Inflammatory symptoms generally.

Prices: In Tins, 5/- and 10/- each.

HARVEY'S KOPPOS POWDER is introduced to Horse Owners as a valuable Febrifuge for the treatment of Feverish Symptoms generally, and for such exaggerated conditions of the Lymphatics as result in Lymphangitis or Weed.

LYMPHANGITIS OR WEED. Heavy horses are most subject to this complaint, especially those with thick, gummy legs, one of the hind limbs being generally affected. It occurs after a day or days of idleness, during which the animal receives a full working diet.

SYMPTOMS.—The horse is found in the morning with one limb very much enlarged, the glands high up, inside the thigh, are swollen and painful; the swelling then extends downwards till the whole leg may become affected, the animal often keeping it raised off the ground. The appetite is impaired, there is great thirst, the breathing is hurried, the urine is high coloured and diminished in quantity.

TREATMENT should be started AT ONCE. An EDOS PURGING POWDER or one of HARVEY'S PHYSIC BALLS should first be administered, after one or two sloppy Bran Mashes.

When the Physic has set give HARVEY'S "KOPPOS" POWDER dissolved in the drinking water twice daily, morning and evening, as per General Directions. Laxative food should

be given, such as Bran Mashes, and a moderate amount of green food when obtainable, also a few carrots sliced lengthways.

Keep the horse suitably clothed according to season, and free from draughts.

Locally :—Foment the leg well with hot water three or four times daily, hand-rubbing the part for ten or twelve minutes afterwards. Wool or tow should then be placed around the limb, and a bandage applied extending as high up the leg as possible.

When the acute pain in the limb has subsided, walking exercise should be given twice daily.

As Lymphangitis has a most debilitating effect on Horses, a course of HARVEY'S WORM AND CONDITION POWDERS is advised after the attack, as these will quickly restore the system to health and vigour. See page 54.

PREVENTION.—As horses are liable to a recurrence of the affection, Bran Mashes should be given on holidays, and a measureful of HARVEY'S KOPPOS POWDER in the drinking water morning and evening on such days.

Strangles.

STRANGLES is an infectious disease of Horses, caused by a micro-organism, most frequently attacking animals between the ages of two and five years.

SYMPTOMS OF ORDINARY STRANGLES.—The first local symptom is a watery discharge from the nostrils, which thickens after a few days, and finally becomes of a dirty white to a yellowish green colour. This discharge is accompanied by a painful, hot swelling between the branches of the jaws, which suppurates, and abscesses form. These may be recognised by the appearance in the swelling of soft areas, which after a while will "pit" on pressure. The skin over them becomes covered with a sticky exudation, the hair falls out, the abscess "points" and bursts, discharging thick, yellowish pus.

This generally occurs in eight to twelve days, if not previously opened.

Along with these local symptoms there is fever, loss of appetite, dulness, the breathing may be interfered with, and the limbs, especially the hind, may become swollen.

A skin eruption may appear on the sides of the neck, chest, and shoulders, or may spread over the whole body. In the irregular form of Strangles abscesses form in various parts of the body.

TREATMENT.—Isolate the animal, as the disease is infectious; place him in a roomy, well-ventilated loose box, free from draughts, with plenty of clean bedding, keeping him suitably clothed according to season, and put bandages on the limbs. Tempt the appetite with food that is easily digested, such as green meat, mashes, carrots, etc. Give HARVEY'S KOPPOS POWDER dissolved in the drinking water twice daily, morning and evening, for a week; discontinue for three days, then give once daily for another week. When the abscess points, that is, when it feels soft on pressure, it ought to be carefully opened with a sharp knife, taking care to divide the skin only, and working up to the abscess with the top of the finger. This method avoids injury to any blood vessels (there being many of these in that vicinity). Should the abscess be very slow in pointing, a little of HARVEY'S EMBROCATION applied to it will make it mature more quickly. When the matter has been allowed to escape, bathe the part with warm water two or three times daily.

In order to relieve distressed breathing, and hasten the discharge from the nostrils, steaming the head frequently with medicated steam is very useful. Prepare as follows :—

To three-quarters of a bucketful of boiling water add half a wineglassful of turpentine, cover the top with hay, stir up the contents, and make the patient inhale the vapour which is given off.

Laminitis.

LAMINITIS, FOUNDER, or INFLAMMATION OF THE FEET, is the most painful disease affecting the Feet of Horses. Flat, weak feet are most predisposed to it. The causes most frequently are :—Concussion, over-exertion, especially when in soft condition, excitement, or indigestion.

SYMPTOMS OF ACUTE LAMINITIS.—The animal tries to avoid throwing his weight on the affected feet, and when obliged to do so, bears on the heels, bringing them to the ground first in going. The least tap on the wall of an affected foot causes it to be quickly snatched up, and the excessive

heat is at once perceptible to the touch. In spite of the great pain, the horse persistently stands, and will not move unless compelled to do so. Once he goes down he is very unwilling to rise.

TREATMENT.—First give a dose of physic, viz., an EDOS POWDER or an Aloes Ball (preferably a HARVEY'S PHYSIC BALL), or a dose of Linseed Oil. Remove the shoes, shorten the toe, and envelop the feet in cold swabs, kept constantly wet with cold water; or, if practicable, keep the horse standing in a stream for the greater part of the day, and apply the cold swabs at night. Keep the horse suitably clothed according to season.

When the Physic has set give a dose of HARVEY'S KOPPOS POWDER twice daily in the drinking water, as per General Directions. Walking exercise on soft ground three or four times daily for quarter of an hour at a time is a very important part of the treatment, locomotion being necessary to pump the blood upwards from the distended vessels in the feet. The pain caused by walking at first is very great, but gets less after a while.

The bedding should be plentiful, and composed of peat moss or sawdust, and the horse should not be ridden or trotted whilst under treatment. After the acute symptoms are passed, and the swabs dispensed with, apply HARVEY'S EMBROCATION to the coronets.

THE DIET should be laxative, such as mashes, green meat, and a few carrots, etc.

The symptoms gradually subside under treatment, and recovery, while sometimes rapid, may occupy two to three weeks.

For PUFFY LEGS, MUD FEVER, SKIN ERUPTIONS, and FEVERISH SYMPTOMS give HARVEY'S KOPPOS POWDER dissolved in the drinking water, as per General Directions, till the condition is relieved.

Harvey's "Koppos" Powders.

Doses.—HORSES.—One Measureful.

SMALL COBS AND PONIES.—¾-Measureful. Give dissolved

in the drinking water, twice daily, morning and evening, for a week.

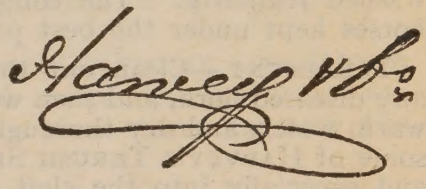
Discontinue for three days, then give one dose daily for another week, if necessary.

IMPORTANT.

To ensure the animal getting all the Medicine, dissolve the Powder in only half a bucket of water, and when he has drunk up this, water him as usual.

Occasionally horses suffer from irritable bowels, and if such a condition should arise while an animal is under treatment with HARVEY'S KOPPOS POWDER, it should be stopped for a day or two, and resumed when the looseness has subsided.

CAUTION.—See that each Tin has our Signature as below distinctly engraved upon it.



In Tins, Price 5/- and 10/- each.

Where and how to procure the Remedies.

See Pages 92 and 96.

PART VIII.

HARVEY'S

Thrush Specific for Horses.

In Special Tins, Price 1/9 and 3/- each.

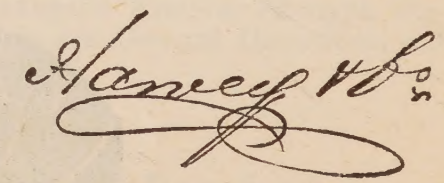
THRUSH is an evil-smelling condition of the Frog. In the affected portion the horn which is formed, being of an unhealthy nature, rapidly decomposes, and creates a foul discharge, most of which comes from the cleft. The Frog becomes ragged and sodden.

CAUSE.—THRUSH is most commonly found in over-heated, badly-ventilated stables, especially when the bedding is not kept clean, or the drainage is defective. It also results from allowing wet dirt to accumulate in the feet (the hind being most commonly affected), and not having them picked out and washed regularly. The complaint may, however, occur in horses kept under the best possible conditions.

TREATMENT.—Clean out the cleft of the Frog, removing any diseased horn, and then wash out with a water brush and warm water, and dry thoroughly. When perfectly dry, dust some of HARVEY'S THRUSH SPECIFIC into the affected parts, and especially into the cleft of the Frog, pressing it home with a flat piece of wood ; a little tow or wadding being then inserted to keep the dressing in its place. Repeat in two days, if necessary. In ordinary cases, one or two applications will be sufficient to effect a cure. Keep the Frog free from dirt and moisture.

N.B.—Keep the Tin in a dry place, the aperture being closed when not in use.

CAUTION.—See that each Tin has our Signature as below distinctly engraved upon it.



In Tins, Price 1/9 and 3/- each.

Where and how to procure the Remedies.

See pages 92 and 96.

PART IX.

Harvey's Hoof Ointment.

In Tins, Price 3/- and 6/- each.

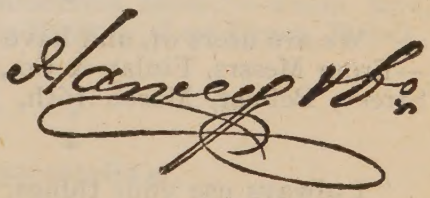
HORSES frequently suffer from Dry and Brittle Hoofs, either by reason of natural predisposition, or the condition may be due to the removal of the varnish-like substance called the Periople on the wall of the Hoof, provided by nature to prevent too rapid evaporation, and consequent dryness.

An animal so affected may go tenderly, and even lameness may result, because the wall of the Hoof contracts owing to excessive dryness, and therefore presses on the sensitive structures underneath. A Horse with brittle Hoofs is always difficult to shoe properly.

The use of HARVEY'S HOOF OINTMENT counteracts this unhealthy condition, will renew the natural elasticity of the Hoof, and at the same time improve the Horny growth.

DIRECTIONS.—Apply a small quantity of the preparation daily to the hoofs with a piece of tow or a brush.

CAUTION.—See that each Tin has our Signature as below distinctly engraved upon it.



In Tins, Price 3/- and 6/- each.

Where and how to procure the Remedies.

See pages 92 and 96.

General Testimony.

In the following extracts Horse Owners write of their experience with several or with all the SIX ORIGINAL REMEDIES.

The Added Remedies are being now offered for the first time.

* * *

"Sir Thomas Larcom, Bart., has used your Preparations for some years, and has found them excellent."—Alverstoke, Hants, 17th November, 1908.

* * *

"I have used your Horse Remedies for many years with excellent results."—From Dr. David J. Brown, 28 Pump Street, Londonderry, 1st September, 1908.

* * *

"We use eight horses at our two shops, and have used your Remedies for years, and seldom have to call in a vet."—From Messrs. S. Osmond & Sons, 174 High Street, Slough, Bucks, 9th February, 1909.

* * *

"I find your Remedies inexpensive and most efficient."—From Captain H. Savile, Woodside, Methley, Leeds, 19th April, 1908.

* * *

"We are users of, and have great faith in, your Remedies."—From Messrs. Finlay & Co., Cromac Wells, 42 Powerscourt Street, Belfast, March 16th, 1907.

* * *

"I always use your things, and of course find them VERY GOOD."—From Maurice Leadbetter, Esq., Hazlemere Park, Bucks, 29th March, 1907.

* * *

"I have used your Remedies for many years, with great satisfaction."—From R. G. Emsley, Esq., Shaw House, Headingley, Leeds, November 1st, 1906.

"I have used some of your remedies, with excellent results." —From A. K. Edmonds, Esq., Laburnum House, Tredegar, Mon., September 25th, 1906.

* * *

"I find your Remedies invaluable."—Claud Keane, Miltown Castle, Charleville, Co. Cork, July 23rd, 1906.

* * *

"I have used your Remedies, with wonderful effects."—From George Whiting, Esq., Broadfield Court, Leominster, July 27th, 1906.

* * *

"We have used your Medicines for years, and have always found them most satisfactory."—From Messrs. J. & B. Groves, The London Sawing and Planing Mills, Lawson Street, Great Dover Street, S.E., May 8th, 1906.

* * *

"I have long used your Remedies, and find them good."—From Lt.-Col. Waddy, Canonsgrove, Taunton, June 2nd, 1906.

* * *

"I have tried the Remedies, and find them as represented, which says a lot. The Embrocation has worked wonders in a case I had."—J. McKay, 21 South Castle Street, Edinburgh, February 9th, 1906.

* * *

"I have been using your excellent Horse Remedies for years, and have found them most useful, and so have my friends to whom I have recommended them."—From Rev. G. C. Bateman, Bratton Clovelly Rectory, Lew Down, R.S.O., Devon, April 19th, 1906.

* * *

A Warm Appreciation.

"I have ever felt thankful since you sent me the first book, many years ago now, as since then I have used your Medicines and Embrocation with wonderful effects, as have several of my friends. I have the greatest faith possible in your Embrocation, as I consider it worth a guinea a bottle to me, every one I have used."—Harry Cording, Roadwater Roller Mills, nr. Washford, Taunton, December 30th, 1905.

India.

"I have used your Horse Remedies for years, and always found them efficacious."—From J. Norman Ross, Esq., Kalibari Bazaar, Cachar, India, April 7th, 1908.

* * *

"I am a regular user of your excellent Remedies."—From E. C. Holder, Esq., Balijan Tea Co., Ltd., Hoogrijan P.O., Assam, India, August 11th, 1907.

* * *

"I have got a sample of all your Remedies in stock, and have given a trial of your Worm and Condition Powders. I may say I have a very high opinion of these Remedies, and have recommended the same to my friends."—From Manng Shwe Yun, Esq., Advocate, Mergui, Lower Burma, 5th July, 1907.

* * *

"Your Remedies for Horses are excellent, and require to be more widely known. Recently I have had occasion to use your Worm and Condition Powders, Red Lotion, and Aconite Powders, and they have had a marvellous effect on a horse that was broken-winded and apparently hopelessly gone with lameness and worms. He is to-day as fit as any animal of his age (10 years), with any amount of go in him."—A. G. Tydd, Ahmedabad, Guzerat, India, November 13th, 1906.

* * *

"I duly received the last lot of Medicines, and found them very useful."—From H. Pilkington, Esq., Koppa Estate, Kadur District, India, 28th July, 1895.

South Africa.

"I always use your Remedies, and find them excellent, but am often in doubt *re* diagnosis, for which purpose I want your book."—From Dr. J. Robertson M'Gregor, Box 83, Aliwal North, Cape Colony, 24th June, 1908.

* * *

"I have used your Worm Powders, Aconite Powders, Red Lotion, and Hair Restoring Ointment, with splendid results, and shall not fail to recommend them at every opportunity."—From Mr. F. Fletcher, P.O. Box 1, Knight's, Transvaal, March, 1908.

"I am using your Horse Remedies with most pleasing results. Your Embrocation is simply marvellous. I have 110 horses and mules here, and with a stock of your remedies I require little else. Your Worm Powders are most effective." —Thomas Carpendale, Transport Officer, Cape Copper Co., Ltd., O'okeip, Namaqualand, S. Africa, 2nd May, 1906.

* * *

"I have used your Remedies with great success."—G. W. Gibb, Balgowan, Natal, S. Africa, September 23rd, 1905.

* * *

'Having used several of your Remedies with great success, I shall be glad to have your book with full details."—H. O. E. Louw, Memel Villa, 106 Church Street, Cape Town, October 13th, 1905.

* * *

"Having used your preparations for the past twelve years, and being more than satisfied with the results, I don't feel inclined to try any other."—From Horace S. Howse, Esq., 10 Plough and Harrow Road, Edgbaston, Birmingham, 13th December, 1904.

* * *

"I have found your Remedies extremely satisfactory with some of my horses which required them, and I will certainly continue to use them, as with the plain directions which you send with the Remedies, no one with any intelligence can make a mistake in their application."—From Rev. Richard Burdon, Heddon House, North Wylam, Northumberland, 24th February, 1905.

* * *

"Your Remedies are most excellent, and quite surprising in results."—From A. Gilbertson, Esq., Glanrhyd, Pontardawe, Glam., 8th July, 1902.

* * *

"Mr. J. Paradine has used Harvey's Remedies for many years with great success."—The Cedars, Horton, Slough, Bucks, 14th September, 1902.

* * *

"I have always used your Remedies with much success upon my horses."—From Dr. Sydney Graham, Sylvan Lodge, Upper Lewes Road, Brighton, Sussex, 23rd February, 1902.

"Having given your various medicines a fair trial, I am more than pleased with the results, and have recommended them successfully to many of my friends."—From Rev. H. Littledale Dick, Wiston Manse, Biggar, N.B., 25th March, 1896.

* * *

"I have been using your Remedies for many years, and find nothing come up to them."—From Rev. J. M. Young, Kildress Rectory, Cookstown, 28th May, 1893.

* * *

"For a great many years I have used all your Horse Remedies with success."—From Major N. V. W. Ward-Jackson, Camp Hill, Lyndhurst, Hants, 14th November, 1893.

* * *

"Your Red Lotion, Aconite Powders, and Worm and Condition Powders are throughly effective, as is the Edos."—From Capt. W. A. Kerr, V.C., Lowestoft, 14th April, 1892.

* * *

"General Sherman has been very pleased to recommend Messrs. Harvey's Remedies to all his friends, as he has always found them most efficacious at all times. They are simply A1 and safe, and General S., uses no other."—From General Sherman, The Dog'nells, Cranbrook, Kent, 9th October, 1891.

* * *

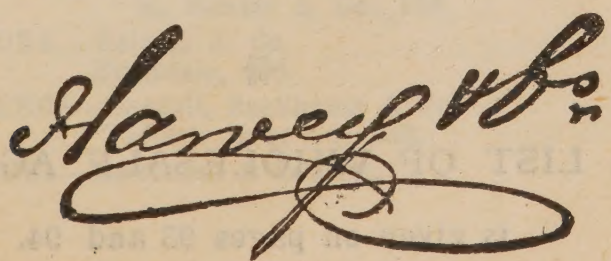
"Major-General Watt wishes to inform Messrs. Harvey & Co. that all the Remedies supplied by them have been very satisfactory, viz. :—Embrocation, Red Lotion, Worm Powders, Aconite Powders, and Edos."—From Major-General Watt, Killoskshane Castle, Templemore, 26th October, 1889.

"The Hall Mark."

CAUTION!

Harvey's Genuine Remedies

Have distinctly engraved on the Outside Wrapper or Label of every Package or Bottle, a fac-simile Signature as below, which is the Registered Trade Mark of the Proprietors.



"Excellent! I'll go buy them."—*Merry Wives*, Act 4, Sc. 4.

Where and how to procure

HARVEY'S REMEDIES.

ALMOST any Chemist in the Kingdom, if he does not keep them in stock, will, if asked to do so, procure the **REMEDIES** through his Wholesale House in London or the Provinces. If, however, any Horse Owner experiences difficulty in procuring them, orders sent direct to the Proprietors will be promptly attended to, if accompanied by Remittance. This last is essential, as Orders sent direct cannot otherwise be executed. [See page 96.]

A LIST OF WHOLESALE AGENTS

is given on pages 93 and 94.

Harvey's Remedies for the Horse

May be had through any respectable chemist at the list prices; or the Proprietors will arrange to have them sent from Dublin on receipt of remittance. [*See last page.*]

They are supplied to the following Wholesale Houses, of whom Chemists can obtain them :—

LONDON.

Barclay & Sons, Ltd., 95 Farringdon Street, E.C.
W. Edwards & Son, 157 Queen Victoria Street, E.C.
W. Sutton & Co., 76 Chiswell Street, Finsbury, E.C.
F. Newbery & Sons, Ltd., 27 Charterhouse Square, E.C.
May, Roberts & Co., Ltd., Clerkenwell Road, E.C,
Sangers, 42a Hampstead Road, N.W.
Butler & Crispe, 82 Clerkenwell Road, E.C.
R. Hovenden & Sons, Ltd., City Road and Berners St., W.

Provincial.

MANCHESTER—James Woolley, Sons & Co., Ltd.
Jos. Brooks & Co., Ltd.

LIVERPOOL—Evans Sons Lescher & Webb Ltd.
John Thompson, Ltd.
Ayrton, Saunders & Co., Ltd.

BIRMINGHAM—Southall Bros. & Barclay, Ltd.

BRISTOL—Ferris & Co., Ltd.
H. Hodder & Co., Ltd.

YORK—Raimes & Co.
Bleasdale, Ltd.

LEEDS—Goodall, Backhouse & Co.
Taylor's Drug Co., Ltd.

HULL—Lofthouse & Saltmer.

NEWCASTLE-ON-TYNE—John Ismay & Sons.
DERBY—Blunt & Evans.
R. Daniel & Son.
EXETER—Evans, Gadd & Co., Ltd.
Holman, Ham & Co.
IPSWICH—Grimwade, Ridley & Co.
LINCOLN—Battle, Son & Maltby.
NORWICH—Smith & Sons, Magdalen Street.
NORTHAMPTON—J. H. Blunt & Sons, Ltd.
EDINBURGH—Raimes, Clark & Co., Ltd.
Duncan, Flockhart & Co.
T. & H. Smith, Ltd.
GLASGOW—Glasgow Apothecaries' Co., Ltd.
Frazer & Green, Ltd.
Cockburn & Co., Ltd.
DUBLIN—M'Master, Hodgson & Co.
Boileau & Boyd, Ltd.
Hugh Moore & Alexanders, Ltd.
Hayes, Conyngham & Robinson, Ltd.
Hoyte & Son.
May, Roberts & Co., Ltd.
BELFAST—Thomas M'Mullan & Co.
J. & J. Haslett, Ltd.
Grattan & Co., Ltd.
W. Dobbin & Co., Ltd.
CORK—Kiloh & Co., Ltd.
Cork Chemical & Drug Co., Ltd.
T. R. Lester, Ltd.
LIMERICK—J. & G. Boyd, Ltd.
J. P. Evans & Co.
John Laird & Co.
WATERFORD—Geo. White & Sons.
INDIA—Smith, Stanistreet & Co., Calcutta.
Thomson & Taylor, Bombay.
W. E. Smith & Co., Ltd., Madras.
F. Bliss & Co. Simla and Lahore.
E. M. de Souza & Co., Rangoon.
S. AFRICA—Lennon, Ltd., Capetown, and Branches in Natal, Orange Colony, Transvaal and Rhodesia.
CEYLON—Colombo Apothecaries Co., Colombo.

FOREIGN POST.

For the information of Horse-Owners in Foreign Countries desiring **HARVEY'S REMEDIES** sent direct to them by Post, we append a Table showing the weights of single Packages of the Remedies when made up ready for Posting, so that the cost of Postage may be added to Remittance.

LIST OF REMEDIES.

	Price. s.	d.	Weight when packed for Post. lbs.	ozs.
Harvey's Embrocation or Curb Bottle	3	9	0	6
Harvey's Embrocation, or Curb Bottle	7	0	0	12
Harvey's Embrocation, or Curb Bottle (Vet. Practitioner's size) ...	21	0	1	12
Harvey's Red Lotion, Rapid Healing Wash	1	10	4	0
Harvey's Red Lotion, Imperial Quart	2	9	5	8
Harvey's Red Lotion, Glass-stoppered Winchester	5	6	11	0
Harvey's Aconite Powders, Box of Six Powders	2	8	0	5
Harvey's Aconite Powders, Quarto of Four Boxes	10	6	1	6
Harvey's Worm and Condition Powders, Boxes of 15 Powders with Physic Ball...	3	9	0	10
Harvey's Worm and Condition Powders Boxes of 15 Powders without Ball	3	0	0	8
Harvey's Worm and Condition Powders, Special Box of 15 Powders for Two Yearlings or Three Foals...	3	0	0	8
Harvey's Hair Restoring Ointment, In Collapsible Tubes per Tube	1	6	0	2
Edos, The Tasteless Purging Powder, Nos. 5, 6, or 7 each Powder	0	9	0	1
Edos, Per Packet of One Dozen ...	9	0	0	8
Harvey's "Koppos" Powder ...	5	0	5	0
Harvey's "Koppos" Powder ...	10	0	9	0
Harvey's Thrush Specific	1	9	0	6
Harvey's Thrush Specific	3	0	0	10
Harvey's Hoof Ointment ...	3	0	1	8
Harvey's Hoof Ointment	6	0	4	0

Cost of Postage as per published Rates for Each Country.

Direct Orders.

WE respectfully suggest that the Remedies be obtained from the local chemists; but if there is at any time the least difficulty in so procuring them, please write direct to the makers, sending the price of the articles required, and they shall have them sent from Dublin by return of post, **Post free for the stated prices,** in the United Kingdom.

All prices are for Cash with Order, but direct orders cannot be attended to unless accompanied by remittance.

Names and addresses should be very legibly written.

Titles, Military Rank, etc., should be added to signatures.

For large Parcels the nearest Railway Station should be given.

Remittances.—Postal Orders and Cheques should be made payable to Harvey & Co. (Dublin), Limited, and crossed.

Chests of assorted Preparations, £5, £10, and upwards, at Special rates.

PARTICULARS ON APPLICATION.

Accounts cannot be opened.

SEALY, BRYERS AND WALKER, PRINTERS. DUBLIN.

Harvey's Hair Restorer

(ADAPTED FOR HUMAN USE).

The remarkable success of HARVEY'S HAIR RESTORING OINTMENT, as used for so many years for Horses, has led to frequent inquiries if the Ointment might be used for Human purposes.

The Veterinary Preparation is not suitable for Human use, but our Chemist has produced an elegant Toilet preparation in Pomade form, in which all the active constituents of the Veterinary Preparation are retained, delicate fats and finely prepared emollients being added to assist the ready absorption by the scalp of the stimulating and antiseptic properties of the Hair food.

HARVEY'S HAIR RESTORER (Human), used as directed, is invaluable for the treatment of Baldness when the roots are not dead, and also for Falling out and Thinning of the Hair. It immediately allays scalp irritation, removes dandruff, and promotes a more luxuriant growth.

Full directions are enclosed with the Pot.

In Pots, Price 2/- each.

TRADE MARK
ON EACH POT.

Harvey's
GREAT
REMEDIES
FOR THE HORSE

HARVEY'S REMEDIES

Are sold by the following CHEMISTS, as well as others, in SURREY.

ADDLESTONE, ..	James Green, M.P.S.
CAMBERLEY, ..	Ralph J. Evans.
Do. ..	J. W. Todd, M.P.S. (late Read).
CARSHALTON, ..	J. R. Comyns, M.P.S.
CATERHAM VALLEY	W. J. Snow.
CHERTSEY	Charles A. Jago.
Do.	A. Nicholson, M.P.S.
CROYDON, ...	Boots, Ltd., and at all their Branches.
Do.	Philip Holmes.
Do.	R. J. Perkin.
Do.	John Shaw.
DORKING, ...	B. C. Browell, M.P.S.
Do.	Clark & Co.
EGHAM, ...	H. W. Herbert.
Do.	W. J. Morgan.
ENGLEFIELD GREEN,	H. W. Herbert.
EPSOM, ...	Ingham & Co.
Do.	Henry J. Tottle.
ESHER, ...	John Chapman.
FARNHAM, ...	F. G. Clapham, M.P.S.
Do.	Timothy White & Co., Ltd., and at all their Branches.
GODALMING, ..	S. Edwards, M.P.S.
Do.	Valentine Norman, M.P.S.
GUILDFORD ..	H. Jeffries.
Do.	Alex. J. T. Long & Co.
Do.	W. S. Tavener, M.P.S.
HASLEMERE, ..	Wiles & Holman, and at Chiddingfold
HORLEY, ...	George Crawford, M.P.S.
KINGSTON-ON-THAMES	Durbin's Drug Stores, Ltd.
Do.	Plomley & Alldis, Ltd.
Do.	E. C. Tamplin & Son.
Do.	Walmsley & Son.
LEATHERHEAD, ..	E. H. Cole.
MITCHAM, ...	C. Breese.
RED HILL, ...	W. H. Fowler & Co.
Do.	T. P. Padwick.
REIGATE, ...	John Markham.
RICHMOND, ...	Rex Blanchford.
SURBITON, ..	Durbin's Drug Stores, Ltd.
Do.	Charles Lowe & Co., Ltd.
SUTTON, ...	Fras. T. Sanders.
WALTON-ON-THAMES	Baker & Bennett.
WOKING, ...	J. W. Littleboy.
YORK TOWN, ..	H. Coates, M.P.S. (late Read).

For Wholesale Agents see pages 92 to 94.